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WASHINGTON LETTER.

(*From our Regular Correspondent.*)

Washington, Nov. 24th, 1902.

Editor Press:—

"What is the President going to say about the tariff?" Is the question each new congressional arrival asks when he reaches Wasnington, and they are coming in crowds. The answer no man can give and it is probably safe to say that Mr. Roosevelt himself does not know At the Oyster Bay conference it was determined that it would be unwise to disturb the extraordinary prosperity the country is now enjoying by tampering with the tariff schedules. When the President got ready to write his message he called another conference of Republican leaders and it was determined that if proper trust legislation were enacted at the short session that would be all it would be reasonable to except, that a tariff commission could be established to investigate the situation and report to the first session of the Fifty-eight Congress and that it would then be time enough to decide if those tariff schedules which would be better for amendment were of sufficient importance to warrant the attempt. Now, however, the western members are urging the President to expedite the work and chairman Babcock and others say that there must be an extra session to deal exclusively with tariff revision.

The object of tariff revision was exhaustively discussed at the Cabinet meeting held immediately after the President's return from the Mississippi cane-brakes and it was determined to hold several conferences with the leaders of the party to discuss the question. A conference will be held to-day and will probably be followed by others, as the President wishes to give all an opportunity to be heard. A striking instance of the local sentiment in regard to the tariff was furnished recently when the President sat in his office with Senator Lodge on one side and Senator Burrows on the other. "I am heartily in favor of your Cuban treaty but I cannot stand by you on that New Foundland convention; it would interfere with our local interests," said Mr. Lodge. "On the other hand I think your New Foundland treaty is all right and I shall vote to ratify it," said Mr. Burrows, "But I am very dubious about the Cuban treaty."

Much interest attaches to the tariff position of Representative Cannon, who it is generally conceeded will be the next speaker. In this connection it is recalled that last summer, after the trip he made on the Dolphin with Secretary Moody, Mr. Cannon was interviewed in Washington and said, "The tariff will be revised sometime but not at the next session of Congress, or by the succeeding Congress, unless there is a check to the present prosperity. The people of Illinois, so far as I have been able to learn, are not anxious to continue their business affairs without interruption caused by a long discussion in Congress as to what changes should be made."

Mr. Cannon, as speaker will have it in his power to make or mar the hopes of the tariff revisionists. There will probably be three vacancies in the Ways and Means Committee. Mr. Hopkins and probably Mr. Long, will go to the Senate and Major Steele has not been reelected. Messrs. Babcock and Tawney are strong revisionists and the appointment of three others of the same faith would give the revisionists within one of a majority on the Republican side of the table. The present indications are, too, that the revisionists will make a fight on the retention of Mr. Payne as chairman.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

Big Railroad Work.

The Pittsburg railroads made a supreme effort on Sunday to clear the freight blockade which has hampered their work for weeks past. It was estimated that 80,000 cars were moved east and west on all the roads from Saturday at midnight until Monday morning. As a result the roads are in better shape to take care of the new business Monday than they have been in three months.

The movement of the enormous accumulation of loaded cars began on Saturday night as soon as the main tracks were clear of accommodation trains and was kept up without a single letup until morning, when the tracks had to be again given over to the use of the passenger trains. Engines and crews were hurried over the roads at the highest possible speed, and as soon as a terminal point was reached the engines were turned, the fires cleaned and the same engines and crews started back with another train of freight. All the local crews were pressed into servive on through freight and many of the passenger crews who did not work on their regular runs were sent out with trains of freight.

The passenger engines, which were of light type were in most cases run as double-headers, and in this way were enabled to haul a train as large as would ordinarily be hauld by the most powerful locomotive used in freight service. The majority of these engines were given trains of perishable freight. and on the four-track roads were put on the passenger tracks and hurried through to their destination with the speed of a passenger train. When they reached the terminals they were given trains of a like character and sent back to the point from which they had started as sections of passenger trains.

Death of Dr. Dodson.

Dr. M. D. L. Dodson, of Titusville, died at his residence here at six o'clock on Monday evening, Nov. 10, 1902. The Doctor received a stroke of paralysis in August, from which he had been suffering since, and a few days before his demise the paralysis extended to his brain. His remains were interred in the Titusville cemetery on Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock, after a very impressive service at the Presbyterian church, conducted by Rev. Henry Keigwin and Archdeacon B. F. Brown, which was attended by a large number of the residents of Titusville, among whom the Doctor, with his family, have resided for the past fourteen years. Messrs. John M. Dixon, John R. Walker, S. N. Gladwin, A. K. Wilson, G. F. Duren and C. A. Gardner acted as pallbearers.

Mr. Dodson was at the time of his death an elder in the Titusville Presbyterin church, which position he has held for years. He was a dentist by occupation, and was one of Titusville's most highly respected citizens.

Dr. Dodson was in his 76th year, having been born in Burlington, Bradford county, Pa , April 25th, 1827. He leaves a wife to mourn his loss, as well as three daughters and four sons, as follows: Mrs. F. S. Thomas, of Hendersonville, N. C. (who arrived in Titusville on Tuesday); Miss Jessie F. Dodson and Miss Ida M. Dodson, of this place; Chas. W. Dodson of Bay Mills, Mich.; Robert C. Dodson, of Emporium, Pa.; Frank J. Dodson and Wm. K. Dodson, of Jennings, Kan.

The Advocate joins the many friends of the bereaved family in extending sympathy in this their great sorrow.—Titusville, (Fla.) Advocate.

A Caes for Investigation.

The unfortunate girl being taken care of by Mrs. J. D. Swope at the jail, does not improve and the Sheriff informs the PRESS that her condition is alarming. The proper authorities, whoever they are, should take this case in hand and place the unfortunate girl in a hospital. No matter what the circumstances are, she is entitled to attention, and proper care. Let the expenses go where they rightfully belong. Mr. and Mrs. Swope have kindly allowed the girl taken there until some other arrangements could be made.

Bad Italian.

A bad Italian was arrested at Driftwood last Thursday and committed to jail at Emporium, being brought here by Constable Muttersbough. The prisoner shot a fellow Italian in the arm. There will be plenty of trouble in that section during the coming winter, so many men being employed as graders.

The Newspaper Trust.

The biggest trust on earth is the newspaper trust. It trusts everybody, gets cussed for trusting, mistrusted for cussing, and if it busts for trusting gets cussed for busting. So there you have it.

Judge Incapacitated.

Superior Court Judge, John S. Mitchell has been declared incapable by the commission appointed by Gov. Stone. Judge Mitchell will retire on salary, which will give the Governor an opportunity of appointing another Judge. Who will be the lucky man?

Fell Down Cellar Steps.

Mrs. E. M. Stevens, fomerly of Emporium, wife of Rev. Stevens, pastor of Pine street, Williamsport M. E. church, fell down their cellar steps, one night recently, while carrying a lighted lamp. The lignt was extinguished but the lady was severely injured.

L. O. T. M. Quilting.

The members of Silver Star Hive No. 27 and all ladies who are interested in the L. O. T. M. quilt, which is to be chanced off soon, are requested to come and bring their baskets to K. O. T. M. Hall, Sterling, Pa., on Friday, Nov, 28th, for the purpose of having a good time at an old fashioned quilting.

A Center county woman, who seems to have found that marriage is a failure, has had the following pathetic verse carved upon the tombstone of the fifth and last husband: "Five husbands have I buried with many a sigh and prayer; there'll be trouble up in heaven if we know each other there."

Verbeck-Clontz.

Mr. James Franklin Verbeck, of Driftwood, and Miss Lavina Clontz, of Sinnemahoning were joined in marriage by the Rev. O. S. Metzler at the parsonage of the First Methodist Episcopal Church last Tuesday afternoon. Both young people are well and favorably known in their respective towns and the best wishes of their friends are with them.

New Postal Orders.

First Assistant Postmaster General has posted notices tn Emporium office prohibiting the postmaster delivering mail matter to school children, except upon written order. This has become necessary owing to the fact that mail matter is lost upon the streets, left in stores and school rooms. Parents should endeavor to observe this order when possible.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa., Dec. 5th and 6th. If you can't see well or have headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he guarantees to cure all such cases. Lenses ground to fit all kinds of sight. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed.

Jubilee Singers Dec. 5th.

The next attraction in the People's Star Course will be the Brockway Jubilee Singers, Friday evening, Dec. 5th. This is regarded as the leading Colored Concert Company in the country, the demand for their services surpassing that of any similar organization. In addition to plantation melodies they render the popular songs of the days and introduce many specialties not given by other companies. Reserved seats can be secured at Lloyd's Book Store, Wednesday morning, Dec. 3d.

Odd Fellows Degree Work.

Driftwood Odd Fellows entertained a large number of their brethern last Thursday evening, the occasion being the visitation of Renovo Degree Team, who conerred the initiatory degree upon two candidates, in the presence of a large gathering. The uniformed team certainly are a credit to Renovo Lodge, their work beautiful and impressive. We hope our Emporium brethern may endeavor to induce this team to visit No. 984 in the near future. Immediately after the work all present were invited to the Commercial Hotel and partake of a bounteous banquet, prepared by the ladies of Driftwood. Everybody is well aware of the elegant spreads prepared by the Driftwood ladies, who were not only complimented upon the good things they prepare, but upon their good looks. Eighty-eight sat around the banquet boards, being presided over by Hon. I. K. Hockley as toast-master. Appropriate remarks were made by Theo. Nichols, John Blair and Geo. W. Meyers, of Renovo; H. H. Mullin, Emporium; S. P. Kreider, Driftwood. The occasion certainly is one to be pleasantly remembered and reflects credit upon Driftwood Lodge.

Big Stock.

Hon. L. Taggart has returned from Philadelphia, where he purchased the largest line of goods he ever ordered in the many years that he has been in business. His big purchase of wall papers have commenced to arrive and holiday good are coming almost daily.

Good Citizenship.

Assuming, then, that good citizenship necessarily implies service of some sort to the State, the country, or the public, it must be understood of course, that such service may vary widely in amount or in degree. The man or woman who have a family of children, educate them, bring them up honorably and well, teaching them to love their country, are good citizens, and deserve well of the Republic. The man who, in order to care for his family and give his children a fair start in life, labors honestly and diligently at his trade, profession or business, and who casts his vote at all elections, adds to the strength as well as to the material prosperity of the country, and thus fulfills some of the primary and most important duties of good citizenship. Indeed, it may be said, in passing, that he who labors in any way, who has any intellectual interest, who employs his leisure for any public end,—even the man who works purely for selfish objects,—has one great element of good citizenship to his credit for there is nobody else so detrimental in a country like ours as the mere idler, the mere seeker for self-amusement, who passes his time in constant uncertainty as to how he shall get rid of the next day or the hour of that brief life which however short in some cases is, from every point of view, too long for him.

Rearing a family, casting a vote, leading a decent life and working honestly for a livelihood are, however, primary and simple qualities in meritoriours citizenship. They are the foundation stones, no doubt, but good citizenship, in its true sense, rise much higher, and demands much more than these Here, again, it becomes necessary to define one's meaning and get rid of generalities. All men who do good work have ideals at which they aim, dreams of what they hope to accomplish, and all, especially those who succeed most fully, fall far short of their ideals, for self-satisfaction usually halts the advance, and puts an end to achievement. But to come short of one's ideals is not defeat. "Not failure, but low aim, is crime." The ideal cannot be set too high, and then any progress toward it is a victory, and the life-work is not barren of results. This is as true of citizenship as of any other great field of human effort. The ideal cannot be set too high, provided it is compassed by common sense and clear reason and does not topple over into eccentricity. But in order to possess, and ideal which must be at once sane and lofty, it is essential to have a standard, and that standard, must be clear and sharply defined, not mistly or confused. For example, if we wish to teach our children that loyalty to the Nation and to the States is a fundamental quality of any American citizenship worthy to be called good, we must not set up a monument to a man, no matter how eminent, who won all his fame in an unsuccessful effort to wreck liberty.—Success.

Death of Burt Olson.

A special from Chattanooga, Tenn , to the Associated Press says: "Burt Olson of Smethport, Pa., died to-night as the result of an overdose of morphine. He was found in a dying condition in a bath tub in a leading hotel. Papers found indicate that he was a prominent man." Mr. Olson's death will be deeply regretted by a large circle of friends in this section of the country He formerly edited the McKean Miner, coming there from Potter county where he was closely identified with the politics of that county and being a Norwegian weilded considerable influence. His parents came to Potter county with Ole Bull's colony.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

KREBBS.

MRS. CHARLES KREBBS, aged 27 years, died at Williamsport Hospital last Friday, after a long and painful illness Her remains were brought to the family residence, Third street, last Saturday, accompanied by the bereaved husband and two sisters, who were at her bed-side when her spirit took flight to a better world. Funeral services were at First Methodist Episcopal Church, at two o clock Tuesday afternoon, Rev. O. S. Metlzer, the pastor, officiating, and spoke kind words of consolation to the bereaved husband, two little children and relatives. Deceased was a daughter of William Frane, deceased who formerly conducted a hotel at this place. She was a member of Methodist Church.

The Catholic Fair.

The Fair being conducted by the ladies of St. Mark's church is largely attended and enjoyable. Elegant suppers are served each evening. Have you attended?

A Pleasant Gentleman.

F. L. Mordaunt, of New York city, who has recently accepted a responsible position with Emporium Iron Company, as Supt. of construction in connection with the coal and coke operations at Canoe Run, was an agreeable PRESS caller. We found the gentleman a man of fine education, pleasing manners and evidently a valuable person for Mr. Brady's new work. He expects to move his family to Emporium in the near future.

Desirable Purchase.

It will be pleasant news to our citizens to learn that the property on Sixth street owned by the Sinnamahoning Iron Company upon which has stood a large house, partly completed, has been sold and will be completed, according to the elaborate plans prepared by the late Jos. Hunt, who was general manager when the Cameron Iron and Coal Company failed. Mr. W.H. Cramer has closed a contract for the property and expects to have it completed by next spring, ready for occupancy. This incomplete building has long been an "eye-sore" to our people, who will be pleased to see the handsome building completed.

Magnificent Vote.

It must be gratifying to the many friends of Major Issac B. Brown in this section of the state to see the large vote given to that excellent gentleman for Secretaty of Internal Affairs. He received 204,237 plurality, as against 142,340 for the head of the ticket, leading in every county except Berks. The lowdown personal attacts made by some of the off-color sheets in this section of the state were beautifully resented by the Major's former comrades and neighbors. The Harrisburg Telegraph attributes Major Brown's handsome vote to his fine record as Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs, supplemented by his popularity throughout the State.

Uses of Salt.

A physician, a native of Jerusalem giving one of the free lectures in Brooklyn schools this autumn, referred to the Oriental use of salt and digressed for an instance to speak of its medicinal values.

For example, the following he said he had found to be an infallible cure for catarrh of the head. Heat common table salt and while it is warm take a pinch morning and night and snuff it up the nostrils.

One who has been trying the painful but simple remedy claims to have been greatly helped already. A gargle of salt solution is highly recommended by one of this borough's most noted physicians, who also advocated the use of sea salt in the bath for some cases of rheumatism.

For neuralgia, fill a muslin or flannel bag with salt, heat and apply it to the affected part.

The salt water gargle taken in time and very frequently is claimed to prevent many cases of so-called diphtheria.

Its value for indigestion is observed in its use in a glass of milk or cream, while a teaspoonful of it in warm water, once a day will relieve some stomach troubles.

Brine is known to be an antiseptic wash for wounds or cuts, though the element of pain is at hand.

Warm water with salt dissolved in it is good for inflamed eyes.

Still another authority declares that an occasional salt water wash for the hair will keep it from falling out.

A Smallpox Remedy.

A correspondent of the Stockton (Cal.) Herald writes as follows: "I herewith append a recipe which has been used to my knowledge in hundreds of cases. It will prevent or cure the smallpox though the pittings are filling. When Jenner discovered cowpox in England the world of science hurled an avalanche of fame upon his head, but when the most scientific school of medicine in the world, that of Paris, published this recipe as a panacea for smallpox it passed unheeded. It is as unfailing as fate and conquers in every instance. It is harmless when taken by a well person. It will also cure scarlet fever. Here is the recipe as I have used it and cured my children of scarlet fever, here it is as I have used it to cure smallpox when learned physicians said the patient must die: Sulphate of zinc, one grain; foxglove (digitalis), one grain; half a teaspoonful of sugar; mix with two tablespoonfuls of water. When thoroughly mixed add four ounces of water. Take a spoonful every hour. Either Disease will disappear in twelve hours. For a child smaller doses, according to age. If counties would compel their physicians to use this there would be no need of pest houses. If you value advice and science use this for that terrible disease."

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY Fair.
SUNDAY, Fair.

BRIEF MENTION.

Money can be saved by calling on N. Seger when in need of anything in the clothing line.

FOR SALE.—One milch cow, four year old. Will be fresh in a few weeks. 2t. J. J. SCHWAB, Cameron, Pa.

Why pay more when you can buy clothing at wholesale prices from N. Seger's, the popular Allegheny Ave., merchant.

FOR SALE.—A small lot, with building, corner of Sixth and Cherry. For terms apply to.

MRS. J. G. BRYAN.

You should prepare now for the cold weather by securing a nice overcoat of N.Seger. The price is moderate and the goods the best. Come in and see us.

Give us a Democratic President and a Democratic Congress at the election of 1904 and turn them loose on the tariff and there will be no more complaints about a blockade of freight trains, says Philadelphia Inquirer.

H. W. Goodman, of Trout Run, Lycoming county, has prepared a ginseng bed for 12,000 plants. The little plantation is covered with a framework seven feet high, similar to an arbor. Its roof is made of four-inch pieces laid two inches apart, thus furnishing shelter for the shade-loving plants.

The Democrat understands that the Pennsylvania railroad has entered into a contract with the Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern railroad, to run a Buffalo and Pittsburg flyer over the latter road from Larabee to St. Marys just as soon as work on that road between Marvindale and Clermont is completed.—Smethport Democrat

A subscriber once got a dun through the postoffice and it made him mad. He went to see the editor about it and the editor showed him a few duns of his own; one for paper, one for type, one for fuel and several others. "Now," said the editor, "I didn't get mad when these came because I knew that all I had to do was to ask several reliable men like you to come in and help me out then I could settle all of them." When the subscriber saw how it was he relented and renewed."—Ex.

The New York state railroad commission on Friday granted the application of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Company to build an extension of its present line from Wellsville, Allegany county, to Buffalo, a distance of 84 miles. The application was granted within five minutes after the necessity for the road was explained, an unusual proceeding for the railroad commission to take.—Buffalo Com.

State Forestry Commissioner Rothrock and 'Squire Liggett have returned from a ten days' trip through the Hopkins forestry reservation in the western end of this county. While there they planted about four bushels of walnuts which were spread over about three acres. The walnuts were planted as an experiment for tree growing purposes. They are expected to send their shoots through the surface by next spring. If they prove satisfactory, other experiment, of a similar nature will be tried.—Lock Haven Dem.

The brewers of beer in Pennsylvania who adulterate it with deleterious substances will be prosecuted by the Pure Food Department. Commissioner Cope has instructed agents in all parts of the State to collect samples of beer offered for sale, and send them to the department for analysis. There is a fine of $50 for selling any food or drink injurious to health It is said that the adulterants most frequently used are glucose, decayed rice, mouldy corn, Irish moss and resin. It is the intention to compel all brewers in the State to manufacture pure beer.

Tuesday was the anniversary of an event Brick Pomeroy's family, the most noteable, with the exception of the sad event when the father was called away forever. That other event was when the only boy was born eighteen years ago. The boy is bookkeeper in the Citizen's National Bank and his employ'a speak in terms of praise of him and well they may, for he is a good and upright young man. At his birthday Tuesday the bank officers made him a present of a purse of gold as an appreciation of his earnest services and Mark was nearly overcome. The presentation was made by Mr. Page. Mr. Pomeroy has had charge of the books now for nearly a year and frequently acts as assistant cashier.—Port Allegany Reporter.

All Smokers smoke the 'W. H. Mayer" hand made cigar, the best five cent cigar on the market. Be sure you ask for it. 24-tf.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A Society Innovation.

Here is an announcement which a western newspaper declares is bona fide and was actually received by a certain circle of society people in a western city:

Mrs. Gjorund Sonsteby
announces the divorce of her
daughter Georgina
from
Ernest J. Bryant,
Superior Court of San Francisco
granting her maiden name
January 11, 1902.

The at-home cards with this announcement read: "Mrs Gjorund Sonsteby, Waseca, Minn. Miss Sonsteby." These announcements were engraved on heavy plate stationery and in every particular were a reproduction of the form of a marriage announcement, except that the word divorce was used and the permission by the court for the divorcee to resume her maiden name was noted. Doubtless, Miss Sonsteby accepted on the return day—that is, the at-home day—the congratulations of her dear five hundred friends! One cannot help wondering a little if Ernest J. Bryant received one of the cards for the reception. Miss Sonsteby goes back to her paternal roof, legally absolved from presumably unhappy marriageties, and her parents announce the fact in the conventional manner and accept it as an occasion for social exercises.

A Nation of Candy-Eaters.

That we are a nation of candy-eaters is proved not only by statistics, but here is a case in the concrete, reported by the New York Post: There are probably no mercantile establishments in existence that cater to the wants of a more varied line of customers than do the candy stands at the Brooklyn bridge entrance. "I begin business at three o'clock," said the keeper of one of these stands the other day, "and I close up after the rush is over. In those four hours I sell 2,000 one-cent pieces of candy, or 500 an hour, exclusive of more expensive kinds of candy, and those which are bought in larger quantities. People generally suppose that small boys and girls, and the parents of small boys and girls are the buyers of penny candies. That is a mistaken idea. Men of all grades of society buy these little sticks and squares, simply and solely because they want to eat them. The only reason everybody doesn't know this is because it takes such a short time to eat a penny candy that the process is over before a man gets 50 feet away from the stand, and people down in the street don't get a chance to see him."

The Density of Population.

Rhode Island is the most densely populated state in the union, according to the census reports, having in 1900 407 inhabitants to the square mile. On the other hand, Alaska had but one-tenth of one person to the square mile, and similarly, Nevada has only one-fourth of one person to the square mile. Wyoming has not quite one inhabitant to the square mile, while Arizona has an average of 1.1 inhabitants, Montana 1.7 and Idaho 1.9. Returning to the more densely populated states, Massachusetts comes next to Rhode Island, with not quite 349 inhabitants to the square mile. New Jersey occupies the third place, with 250 inhabitants to the square mile. Then follows Connecticut with 187, New York with 152.6, Pennsylvania with 140.1, Maryland with 120.5, Ohio with 102 and Indiana with 70.1. The density of population is obtained by dividing the population of each state and territory by its total land area in square miles at each census. The density of population of the United States, exclusive of Alaska and Hawaii, in 1890 was 25.6.

The only way to be happy is to take advantage of the little opportunities that come to us to brighten life as we go along. To postpone enjoyment day after day, and year after year, until we get more money or a better position, the means to travel or buy works of art, to build an elegant mansion, or to attain some distant goal of ambiton, is to cheat ourselves not only of present enjoyment, but also of the power to enjoy in the future.

THE CONGRESSIONAL VICTORY

Result of Elections Shows a Preponderance of Republicans Throughout the Country.

The republican majority on congress is small, but it is sufficient. Nobody looked for any such lead as was gained in 1900, when there was the stimulus of a presidential canvass to bring out a big vote. There was a larger issue, too, then than was at the front this year, for the money question did not figure in the canvass just ended. That question, in any shape hitherto known, will not be up again in any campaign, presidential or congressional. The victory in 1896, which gave the republicans complete control of the government, which they utilized by putting the gold standard in the statutes on March 14, 1900, supplemented by the republican victory in the fall of the latter year, settled the money issue. Under such circumstances it was not possible for the republicans to get up the interest in the election of 1902 which was aroused in 1900. The republican majority in congress, however, is gratifying to the party and will be encouraging to the country, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The result on congress shows that the republican tide throughout the country is still at the flood stage. The reduction in the majority as compared with 1900 is less than the average decline for the mid-presidential term congressional elections. There is always a falling off in those years for the party which holds the presidency, and often it is enough to put the other side in the majority in congress. This was the case in 1874, 1882, 1890 and 1894, to go back no further than 30 years. This year the republicans made an excellent exhibit. They had the general business conditions throughout the country on their side, and the issues were with them. The issues, however, were not so exciting as were those of 1900, for the democrats made no serious fight on anything. The democrats saw the absurdity of the militarism cry long ago, and dropped it. The imperialism pretense, too, vanished before the canvass was fairly under way. The president's words and acts on the trust question knocked out all the democrats' follies on that question, and removed it from the canvass. No fight of any consequence could be made by the democrats, and the interest in the canvass diminished accordingly.

Apathy this time did not hit the republicans. The causes of the apathy were these—the republican prosperity throughout the country gave the average voter something else to think about than politics, and the democrats were so manifestly and decisively wrong on the issues that they made no fight of any consequence on anything, and this deprived the republicans of all incentive to make an active canvass. The result of the election is a fine tribute to the courage and wisdom of the republican party and to the personal popularity of President Roosevelt. It shows that the country is unwilling to make any experiments like that of 1892. The panic which the latest democratic victory brought was a lesson which will not have to be learned over again for a few years at least. The democrats were more nearly united in the congressional canvass of 1902 than they were in any previous campaign since 1892, but this did not avail them. The democratic victory of ten years ago was not due to the popularity of Cleveland, or to a loss of public confidence in the republican party. It was caused by a foolish notion that the prosperity which the country had been enjoying for many years at that time was so permanent that not even the success of the democracy could shake it. The convulsion which came on a few weeks after Cleveland's inauguration in 1893 showed the folly of that view. The result in the congressional election shows, what was often shown in the past, that on any square division between the parties, even where the democrats are, as they were this year, united, the republicans are in the preponderance throughout the country.

COMMENT AND OPINION.

☞It was an "off" year, and the democrats were kept off.—Troy Times.

☞They never touched prosperity; it keeps right on in the middle of the road.—Cleveland Leader.

☞Of course Nebraska is republican. This is where Bryan did most of his campaigning.—Kalamazoo Telegraph.

☞The confidence of the American people in President Roosevelt is more deeply imbedded than ever.—Omaha Bee.

☞The more the election returns are "analyzed" the more republican they seem to become.—Indianapolis News (Ind.).

☞The democrats are strong in ante-election claims, but the republicans beat us when it comes to voting.—Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle.

☞One of the most gratifying results of the election was the defeat of the human balloon, Mason, for the United States senatorship.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

☞Mr. Bryan does not see from the returns but that he is about as much the proprietor of the democratic party as anybody.—Chicago Daily News (Ind. Dem.).

☞The statement that Hon. Billy Mason had flopped from one party to another was a campaign fabrication. Hon. Billy is still a loyal member of the Billy Mason party.—Kansas City Journal.

☞With characteristic modesty the New York newspapers have declared that the election of Gov. Odell insures the nomination of President Roosevelt in 1904. It did if it is necessary to insure a certainty.—Detroit Free Press (Dem.).

ROOSEVELT INDORSED.

Policies of the Administration Approved by a Majority of American Voters.

The more carefully the returns of the late election are analyzed the more significant appears the result. This is particularly true of the congressional battle, which was fought on national issues. In every state the voters for congressmen went to the polls with Roosevelt's policy and administration in mind, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

Nineteen western and northwestern states which in 1900 elected 101 republican congressmen, elected 115 this year. In 1900 Colorado sent two silver men to congress. This year it sends two republicans and one democrat. Idaho and Montana each was represented in the Fifty-seventh congress by a silver or independent congressman. In the Fifty-eighth congress each state will be represented by a republican.

Nebraska elected in 1900 two republican and four fusion congressmen. In 1902 the congressional delegation stands five republicans and one democrat. Illinois in 1900 elected 11 republican and 11 democratic congressmen. This year the delegates stand 17 republicans and eight democrats. In every state except California there was a straight issue between republicans and democrats, and there is a gain in the 19 states of 14 congressmen for the republicans.

In Nebraska there was an issue between republicanism and Bryanism. The republicans gained three congressmen. In Utah the struggle was for the control of the legislature. No man in the senate was more conspicuous for slander of our soldiers and for opposition to the Philippine policy of the administration than Senator Rawlins.

In expressing his extreme views and in attacking the administration Mr. Rawlins claimed to represent the people of his state. In answer to this claim the people of Utah have given the republicans a majority in the legislature of 39 on joint ballot. This means that a republican is to succeed Mr. Rawlins in the senate.

Mr. Patterson, representing the democrats of Colorado, made himself almost as conspicuous as Mr. Rawlins in abuse of the soldiers and the government. The state which gave Bryan a plurality of 29,661 in 1900 this year gives a republican plurality on the state ticket and probably elects a republican majority in the legislature.

In the states of the middle west, including Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa, no ground has been lost, and in several of them majorities have been increased. What is true of the great states of the middle west is also true of Pennsylvania and most of the New England states. The republican states of 1900 are solid behind Roosevelt in 1902, and they have been reenforced by Colorado, Idaho and Montana.

NOT ONLY REPUBLICAN.

The Election Results Constitute a Victory for the Intelligence of the People.

That the thoughtful citizens of the United States are unswervingly in favor of principles and policies of the republican party has been proved conclusively by the results of the fall elections, says the Albany Journal.

That all who could be reached and influenced to turn against the party in control by means of appeals to passion and prejudice were reached and influenced, is beyond doubt. For weeks and months the democratic campaign managers everywhere had been doing their utmost to develop to its largest possible proportions and its greatest possible strength the tendency to lay the blame for every public condition that may be displeasing to a few or to many, upon the party in power.

In the circumstances, reduced republican pluralities and a decreased majority in the house of representatives are by no means an indication of republican weakness. Had the republican party been weak at any point it would have been defeated this year when a multitude of democratic campaign speakers and newspapers were tirelessly engaged in urging the masses to charge everything with which they had reason to find fault, and everything with which they were finding fault without reason, to the republican party. The foundation strength of the republican party has been put to the severest of tests, and withstood it triumphant. They whose faith in the soundness and beneficence of republican principles and policies remained firm through such a campaign of misrepresentation, and false accusation, and abuse and slander, as was carried on by the opponents of republicanism, will never waver in their allegiance to the party of progress and prosperity, the party that has proved itself the true friend of the people.

The attempt to start the people on the way to a repetition of the blunder of 1892 has failed. The men of this country who think for themselves, who reason, who trace effects to their real causes, whose minds are proof against the clamor of the demagogue—thank heaven they are in the majority!—have said that there shall be no change, that what is well shall be let alone, that the party that brought prosperity back shall be permitted to hold it with us.

The results of the elections constitute far more than a victory for the republican party, they constitute a victory for the intelligence and the calm judgment of the people of the United States, a victory for Americanism.

REFUGEES ARRIVE.

At San Francisco, on City of Para.

Thousands of Indians Asphyxiated or Buried in Sand—Volcanoes Still Spouting—Robbers Murdering Refugees on the Road.

San Francisco, Nov. 20.—The first of the refugees from the devastated lands of Guatemala arrived yesterday on the Pacific mail steamer City of Para. They came from the districts from the inland sea and traveled over a country laid waste by sand, ashes and pumice before reaching a railway station. From the latter places they made the journey by rail to Chambperco and there took the steamer to San Francisco. They sailed on November 7, when the volcano was still smoking and rumbling of thunder and flashes of lightning gave evidence of more eruptions to come. These people fled from their plantations in fear for their lives. They escaped to the seaside with little more than the clothing they wore, transportation being so difficult as to preclude of carrying off baggage. The refugees confirm stories of the loss of life. They say that the victims, for the most part, are Indians. They had not heard of any white people being lost. Thousands of Indians were asphyxiated or buried in the sand. Miles of plantations are under ashes and absolute ruin is the lot of many planters whose all was invested in the Fincas. One refugee comes from within a half an hour's ride of Gen. Barillos and brings the information that the general and his family are safe. The refugees say that it is not the crater of Santa Maria that is in action, but a smaller mountain rising from one of the western slopes of Santa Maria, called El Fosaio.

Bands of robbers are now swarming the depopulated sections, robbing and murdering refugees on the road and looting the abandoned and desolate plantations.

The people left behind on the plantations, it is said, are in danger of death from starvation, for the food supply has been cut off, and there is no way to send in supplies to the afflicted districts.

The steamer City of Para met evidences of the volcanic eruption soon after leaving Odos. Great quantities of pumice were found floating on the water.

Word had been received from Mazatenango, on the outskirts of the ruined territory, that Santa Maria opened a crater on the west side near its base, and not far from Helvetia, and belched forth volumes of ashes and lava over Tolhu. It was noted afterwards that several more craters in the neighborhood of the mountain had opened up and all were spouting volcanic debris over the plantations of the district. All the territory about Palmer, San Felipe, Pueblo Nuevo and Retalquies were buried under ashes. Many of the plantations were buried under from five to seven feet of debris and all hope of ever reclaiming them had been given up. The entire neighborhood for miles was a burning wilderness.

CORN MILLING.

American Financiers Contemplate the Expenditure of Millions to Push the Industry in Ireland.

Washington, Nov. 20.—Consul General H. Clay Evans, of London, has sent to the state department the following clipping in regard to the corn milling in Ireland:

"A statement is made today to the effect that a group of American financiers contemplate the expenditure of a large sum of money, estimated at from one to three millions sterling, in connection with the Irish milling trade. This industry has practically succumbed to the invasion of foreign flour, the great bulk of which is imported from America. The new scheme, if successfully carried through, will stimulate the industry, as new mills, it is stated, are to be erected in all the more important centers of Ireland, The capital is, according to a well known local merchant, set down at $20,000,000. It is intended by the syndicate to turn out 5,000 tons weekly in Belfast; in Derry, Galway, Cork and Waterford, 3,000 tons each, and in Dublin 5,000 tons, making a total of 22,000 tons."

Railroad President Resigns.

Philadelphia, Nov. 20.—President Alfred Walter, of the Lehigh Valley railroad yesterday tendered his resignation to the board of directors at the regular monthly meeting of that body, to take effect Nov. 30. The resignation was accepted. The only explanation of President Walter's action that could be obtained from the directors was that differences of opinion existed between the president and the directors regarding the management.

Mail Order Amended.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The postmaster general has amended the order of March 30, 1901, so that hereafter gifts or souvenirs of a dutiable character addressed to people in the military and naval service, etc., in the Philippines, cannot be admitted into the mails for those islands without paying the usual duty thereon. Similar articles, however, addressed under similar circumstances from the Philippines will continue to be admitted to the mails whether dutiable or not.

Died Very Suddenly.

Toledo, O., Nov. 20.—I. B. Davis, traveling freight agent for the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, died very suddenly yesterday morning of acute pneumonia. He was for years connected with the Toledo, St. Louis & Western.

Football Game.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 20.—In a most interesting and evenly contested football game, the Navy football team was defeated here yesterday by the Columbia university eleven in the closing game of the season by the score of 5 to 0.

Pennsylvania RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.

In effect May 25, 1902.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 15 A. M.—Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:25 P. M. (Emporium Junction) daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:32 p. m.; New York, 10:23 p. m.; Baltimore, 7:30 p. m.; Washington, 8:35, p. m. Vestibuled Parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—daily for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M, Baltimore, 2:30 A. M. Washington, 4:05 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

0 25 P. M.—Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 7.22 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.33 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 7.15 A. M., Washington 8.30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie, Buffalo and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Buffalo, Williamsport to Washington. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:01 A. M. (Emporium Junction), daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:22 a. m.; New York, 9:33 a. m., week days; (10:33 Sundays); Baltimore, 7:15 a. m.; Washington, 8:30 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet Sleeping Cars and Passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—daily for Erie, Ridgway, and week days for DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 30 A. M.—Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M.—Week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

RIDGWAY AND CLEARFIELD R. R. CONNECTIONS.
(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD.			Stations.	NORTHWARD		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	9 00	4 00	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 45
.....	9 50	4 38	...Driftwood...	.....	4 00	11 05
.....	10 25	5 10	Emporium Junc	.....	3 23	10 30
.....	11 13	5 53	...St. Marys...	.....	2 41	9 45
3 25	11 15	6 00	.....Kane.....	12 25	3 05	8 25
3 43	11 33	6 22	....Wilcox.....	12 05	2 45	8 04
3 56	11 48	6 36	..Johnsonburg..	9 55	2 33	7 49
4 10	12 10	7 00	...Ridgway,....	9 35	2 15	7 30
4 20	12 20	7 10	..Mill Haven...	9 25	2 04	7 20
4 30	12 30	7 21	.. Croyland....	9 15	1 54	7 09
4 34	12 33	7 25	..Shorts Mills..	9 11	1 51	7 05
4 37	12 36	7 28	...Blue Rock...	9 07	1 47	7 01
4 41	12 40	7 33	.....Carrier.....	9 02	1 43	6 57
4 51	12 50	7 43	.Brockwayville.	8 53	1 33	6 47
4 54	12 54	7 47	...Lanes Mills..	8 47	1 28	6 43
		7 51	.McMinns Sm't.	8 43		
5 02	1 03	7 54	.Harveys Run..	8 39	1 19	6 35
5 10	1 10	8 00	...Falls Creek...	8 35	1 15	6 30
5 25	1 25	8 15	....DuBois.....	8 25	1 05	6 10
5 10	1 20	8 10	..Falls Creek...	6 58	1 13	6 30
5 27	1 32	8 23	.Reynoldsville..	6 44	12 52	6 15
6 00	1 59	8 50	...Brookville...	6 10	12 24	5 39
6 45	2 38	9 30	New Bethlehem		11 47	4 50
7 25	3 20	10 10	...Red Bank....	.....	11 10	4 05
9 45	5 30	12 35	....Pittsburg....	.....	9 00	1 30
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BUFFALO & ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Leave Emporium Junction for Port Allegany, Olean, Arcade, East Aurora and Buffalo.

Train No. 107, daily,.....4:05 A. M.
Train No. 115, daily,.....4:15 P. M.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating, Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Train No. 101, week days,.....8:25 A. M.
Train No. 103, week days.....1:45 P. M.

Train No. 103 will connect at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

EASTBOUND.

STATIONS.	109	113	101	105	107	901
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg,..Lv.	.....	†6 15	†9 00	†130	*505	† 9 00
Red Bank,.....	.....	9 28	11 10	4 05	7 55	11 10
Lawsonham,..	.....	9 40	†1122	4 18	8 07	11 23
New Bethle'm.	.....	10 13	11 47	4 50	8 37	11 55
Brookville,....	†6 10	11 00	12 24	5 39	9 22	12 41
Reynoldsville,.	6 44	11 32	12 52	6 15	9 50	1 14
Falls Creek....	6 58	11 48	1 13	6 30	1005	1 29
DuBois,.....	7 05	†11 55	1 25	6 40	1010	† 1 35
Sabula,.....	7 17	.....	1 37	6 52	*	
Pennfield,....	7 35	.....	1 55	7 10		
Bennezette,....	8 09	.....	2 29	7 44		
Driftwood,...	†8 45	.....	†3 05	†820		
via P. & E. Div						
Driftwood..Lv.	†9 44	.....	†3 45			
Emporium, Ar.	†10 25	.....	†4 10			
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WESTBOUND.

STATIONS.	108	106	102	114	110	942
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Via P. & E. Div	.....	.....	†8 15	.....	†3 20	.....
Emporium, Lv.	.....	.....	†9 00	.....	†4 00	.....
Driftwood, Ar..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Via L. G. Div	.....					
Driftwood, Lv.	.....	†6 15	†1120	.....	†5 50	.....
Bennezette,....	.....	6 50	11 55	.....	6 26	.....
Pennfield,.....	.....	7 25	12 30	.....	7 00	.....
Sabula,.....	.....	7 44	12 49	.....	7 18	.....
DuBois,.....	*6 20	8 00	1 05	†5 05	7 35	†4 10
Falls Creek,....	6 27	8 10	1 20	5 12	7 42	4 17
Reynoldsville,..	6 44	8 23	1 32	5 27	7 58	4 30
Brookville,....	7 15	8 50	1 59	6 00	†8 30	5 00
New Bethle'm.	8 01	9 30	2 38	6 45	.....	5 45
Lawsonham,..	8 31	9 57	†3 06	7 14	.....	6 18
Red Bank,Ar..	8 45	10 10	3 20	7 25	.....	6 30
Pittsburg, Ar...	*11 15	†1235	†5 30	†9 45	.....	†9 30
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Note—Train 107 on Sundays will make all stop. between Red Bank and DuBois.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. §Flag Stop.

For Time Tables and further information, apply to Ticket Agent.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Agt. Gen'l Passenger

TIME TABLE No. 27.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R

Taking effect May 27th, 1901.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.		10	8	4	6	2
		P. M.	.....	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Port Allegany,..	Lv.	3 15	.....	7 05	.....	11 36
Coleman,.....		*3 23	.....	○○	.....	*11 41
Burtville,.....		*3 30	.....	7 16	.....	11 47
Roulette,.....		3 40	.....	7 25	.....	11 55
Knowlton's,.....		*3 45	.....	○○	.....	*11 59
Mina,.....		3 59	.....	7 35	.....	12 05
Olmsted,.....		*4 05	.....	*7 38	.....	*12 09
Hammonds,.....		○○	.....	○○	.....	*12 13
Coudersport.	Ar.	4 20	A. M.	7 45	.....	12 15
	Lv.		6 10		6 00	1 00
North Coudersport,		.....	*6 15	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,.....		.....	6 25	.....	*6 10	*1 12
Colesburg,.....		.....	*6 40	.....	*6 17	1 20
Seven Bridges,....		.....	*6 45	.....	*6 21	*1 24
Raymonds's,.....		.....	*7 00	.....	*6 30	1 35
Gold,.....		.....	7 05	.....	6 36	1 41
Newfield,.....		.....	○○	.....		1 45
Newfield Junction,..		.....	7 37	.....	6 45	1 50
Perkins,.....		.....	*7 40	.....	*6 48	*1 53
Carpenter's,.....		.....	7 46	.....	○○	*1 57
Crowell's,.....		.....	7 50	.....	*6 53	*2 01
Ulysses,.....	Ar.	.....	8 05	.....	7 05	2 10
		.....	A. M.	.....		P. M.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.		1	5	3	
		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Ulysses,.....	Lv.	7 20	2 25	9 10	.....
Crowell's,.....		*7 27	*2 32	* 9 19	.....
Carpenter's,.....		○○	*2 34	* 9 22	.....
Perkins,.....		*7 32	*2 37	* 9 26	.....
Newfield Junction,..		7 37	2 42	9 32	.....
Newfield,.....		*7 41	2 46	○○	.....
Gold,.....		7 44	2 49	9 40	.....
Raymond's		*7 49	2 54	* 9 47	.....
Seven Bridges,.....		*8 01	*3 03	*10 02	.....
Colesburg,.....		*8 04	3 03	*10 15	.....
Frink's,.....		*8 12	*3 17	*10 20	.....
North Coudersport,		○○	*3 26	*10 35	.....
Coudersport,....	Ar.	8 25	3 30	10 45	.....
	Lv.	8 28	6 06	P. M. 1 20	.....
Hammonds,.....		*8 33	*6 05	*1 31	.....
Olmsted,.....		8 37	6 10	1 37	.....
Mina,.....		○○	*6 17	○○	.....
Knowlton's,.....		8 47	6 21	1 51	.....
Roulette,.....		8 54	6 28	2 01	.....
Burtville,.....		○○	*6 34	○○	.....
Coleman,.....		9 08	6 40	2 25	.....
Port Allegany,.....					

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop
(†) Telegraph offices Train Nos. 3 and 10

carry passengers. Tains 8 and 10 do.

Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y for points north and south. At B. & S. Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north for Wellsville, south for Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R

Time Table taking Effect June 23, 1902.

Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad and Connections.

"The Grand Scenic Route."

READ DOWN.

		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....	
Lv	K'ting Smt..		12 40	7 30	9 10	.....	
	....Austin....	6 35	1 05	8 00	9 50	.....	
	....Costello....	6 44	1 14	.....		.....	
	....Wharton....	6 56	1 26	.....	3 10	.....	
	Cross Fork Jct.	7 39	2 09	.....	4 23	.....	
	....Corbett.....	8 06	2 36	.....	5 15	.....	
	Germania,.....		2 47	.....	5 15	.....	
Ar.	Galeton,..	.....	.....	.....	5 23	.....	
Lv.	Galeton,..	8 23	2 53	.....	5 35	.....	
	.....Gaines Jct.	8 36	3 06	.....	.....	.....	
	...Westfield....	9 13	3 43	.....	.....	.....	
	.. Knoxville....	9 26	3 56	.....	.....	.....	
	....Osceola....	9 36	4 06	.....	.....	.....	
	....Elkland....	9 41	4 11	.....	.....	.....	
Ar.	.Addison....	10 13	4 43	.....	.....	.....	
		A. M.	P. M.	.....	.....	.....	

READ UP.

		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....	P. M.
ar.	K't'ng Smt...	8 45	7 10	.....	12 25	.....	.....
	.... Austin,....	8 00	6 43	.....	11 58	.....	8 45
	....Costello,....	.....	6 34	.....	11 49	.....	8 36
	...Wharton,....	.....	6 24	8 04	11 39	.....	8 24
	Cross Fork J'ct,	.....	5 40	7 25	10 58	.....	7 40
	...Corbett,....	.....	5 15	6 44	10 34	.....	7 15
	...Germania,....	.....	5 07	6 31	10 26	.....	7 07
dp.	Galeton....	P. M.	5 00	6 25	.....	.....	.....
ar.	"	7 00	.....	1 00	10 20	.....	7 00
	.... Gaines, ...	6 47	.....	12 47	10 00	.....	6 47
	...Westfield, ...	6 11	.....	12 11	8 16	.....	6 11
	...Knoxville	5 55	.....	11 55	8 00	.....	5 55
	....Osceola,....	5 46	.....	11 46	7 51	.....	5 46
	....Elkland,....	5 41	.....	11 41	7 46	.....	5 41
Lv	Addison,....	5 10	.....	11 10	7 15	.....	5 10
		P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	.....	P. M.

Read down. Read up.

P. M.	A. M.	P. M.			A. M.	P. M.	.....
	9 21	7 00	lv..Ansonia..ar		9 40	20	.....
	9 11		..Manhatten..		9 54	8 35	.....
	9 07		.South Gaines..		9 57	8 39	.....
P. M.	8 59	6 37	..Gaines Junc...		9 59	8 42	.....
.....	8 45	6 25	ar Galeton lv			8 55	.....
	6 30	1 05	lv Galeton ar		10 10	4 45	.....
	6 47	1 24	....Walton.....		9 51	4 39	.....
.....	7 13	1 50	.Newfield Jct...		9 27	4 15	.....
.....	7 30	2 06	West Bingham,.		9 09	3 58	.....
.....	7 41	2 18	.... Genesee....		8 58	3 48	.....
.....	7 46	2 24	.... Shongo		8 53	3 43	.....
.....	8 06	2 46	dp Wellsville ar		8 30	3 20	.....

STATIONS.

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	ar	dp	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
3 05	2 00	7 15	Cross F'k Junc.	11 00	6 35	3 00	
3 55	1 00	6 25	ar Cross Fork	dp 11 50	5 45	2 10	

P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M
8 58	1 00	Lv Sinnamahoning, Ar	1 40	10 5
8 15	1 40	ar.....Wharton.....lv	3 00	9 55

All trains run daily except Sunday.
Sundays only.

CONNECTIONS.

At Keating Summit with P. R. R. Buf. Div. for all points north and south.

At Ansonia with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for all points north and south.

At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R. west for Coudersport, east for Ulysses.

At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.

At Addison with Erie R. R., for points east and west.

At Wellsville with Erie R. R. for points east and west.

At Sinnamahoning with P. R. R.—P. & E. Div.

H. H. GARDINER, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. Buffalo, N. Y
W. C. PARK, Gen'l Supt. Galeton, Pa.
M. J. McMAHON, Div. Pass Ag't., Galeton, Pa.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y

F. X. BLUMLE,

Emporium, Pa.

Bottler and Dealer in

BEER,

WINES,

WHISKIES

And Liquors of all Kinds.

The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.

Special Attention Paid to Mail Orders.

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J. A. Fisher,

PRACTICAL

Horse Shoer,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

A Weak Stomach

Indigestion is often caused by overeating. An eminent authority says the harm done thus exceeds that from the excessive use of alcohol. Eat all the good food you want but don't overload the stomach. A weak stomach may refuse to digest what you eat. Then you need a good digestant like Kodol, which digests your food without the stomach's aid. This rest and the wholesome tonics Kodol contains soon restore health. Dieting unnecessary. Kodol quickly relieves the feeling of fulness and bloating from which some people suffer after meals. Absolutely cures indigestion.

Kodol Nature's Tonic.

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

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A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C Dodson.

Fall and Winter Announcement.

Our stock of Fall and Winter Dry Goods is now complete. We have a nice line of heavy goods for Jacket suits, and also several pieces of heavy goods for rainy-day skirts.

A full line of Ladies Wrappers for fall and winter in calico, percale and flannelette, sizes 32 to 44, from $1.00 to $1.85 each.

We have a large stock of white and colored all wool blankets and the prices are very low for the grade of goods.

Our stock of mercerized satin under skirts is complete. These skirts are made of the best material that can be bought for the price, and are not a back number. They are going rapidly. Do not wait until they are nearly all gone before looking them over. Prices, $1.00, $1.35, $2.00 and $2.35 These prices are special for this lot.

Have just received a shipment of ladies belts. The latest in black and colors. Prices, 25c, 50c and $1.60 each. Also a lot of new applique trimming in black and white.

While in our store ask to see the

Lansdown Waist Patterns.

Our custom made Clothing is giving the greatest satisfaction, as is attested by the increased business we are doing in this line. We guarantee the fit and can save you from 10 to 25% on your clothing.

C. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.

MAY BE ADJUSTED.

Operators and Miners to Settle Their Dispute.

An Increase in Wages, a Nine Hour Day and Trade Agreements Between the Companies by Whom They are Employed.

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 19.—President Mitchell, for the fourth successive day, occupied the witness stand during the two sessions of the strike commission and was cross examined by three attorneys for as many coal companies. While a considerable amount of information for the enlightenment of the commissioners was brought out, the day was a rather quiet one, compared with those which have preceded it. The arbitrators are growing restless in consequence of the long cross examination which apparently does not bring out the facts as quickly as the commission would like to have them. Several times during the course of yesterday's session, Chairman Gray reminded the attorneys of the value of time and suggested that cross examination be limited to new features of those questions that have already been gone over. The lawyers assured the commission that they, too, were anxious to expedite matters, and would do along without injuring their own case.

Mr. MacVeagh, who began his cross examination of Mr. Mitchell on Saturday, concluded at 11 o'clock yesterday. The distinguished attorney centered most of his energies in trying to break down the miners' reasons for asking for a yearly agreement with the companies on hours of labor, wages and other conditions, which, if made, would be recognition of the union.

Mr. Gowan and Mr. Ross questioned Mr. Mitchell principally regarding conditions existing at the collieries of the companies they represent. These questions were more or less technical. Mr. Mitchell's answers, as a rule, differed very little from the reasons given in his preliminary statement to the commission for the improved conditions for the mine workers.

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 20.—After being on the stand for four and a half days, President Mitchell, of the miners' union, completed his testimony at noon yesterday before the anthracite strike commission. During his ordeal he was examined by his own attorney, and those of the Erie Company, the Delaware & Hudson, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, the Lehigh Valley and the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Co., and also by the attorneys of the independent operators. He was followed on the witness stand by the Rev. Peter Roberts, D. D., of Mahanoy City, Pa., a Congregational minister, who has studied the anthracite coal industry and has written a book on the subject. He was still on the stand when the commission adjourned for the day.

One of the most important things brought out during the cross examination of President Mitchell yesterday was his emphatic declaration that the miners were opposed to separating the bituminous miners from the anthracite workers, thus creating two organizations. He made this reply to a question of ex-Congressman Simon P. Wolverton, counsel for the Reading Company, as to whether it would not be better to have separate organizations. Mr. Mitchell's answer was that "it would not be possible or desirable. The anthracite mine workers have had independent organizations in the past. They have had several. They have gone. They are not here now, and the men do not want any more of their organizations to go the same way."

The non-union men, that is, those who remained at work during the strike, were made a party to the arbitration plan yesterday by their counsel agreeing to make public the names of the men who petitioned the commission. When the attorneys for the "non-striking" workmen, as Chairman Gray designated them and who number about 2,000, made a demand to the commission for a 20 per cent. increase in wages with no reduction in hours, their attorneys desired to withhold the names of the persons they represented. The commission, however, decided they could not be a party to such a plan of secrecy.

In connection with the non-union feature of the investigation, Mr. Mitchell announced that he is also representing thousands of non-union men who struck with the unionists and that all the workmen would abide by the award of the arbitrators "or get out of the union."

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 21.—The economic and sociological features of the anthracite coal industry and the effect employment in and about the mines has upon the health of the mine workers were the principal subjects brought before the arbitration committee yesterday by the attorneys for each side of the controversy. While there was an entire absence of oratory or brilliant cross examination which marked the proceedings during the last few days, the cross examination, nevertheless, closely held the attention of the commissioners and they gained much information on the several features touched upon by witnesses.

The afternoon session was particularly interesting because it brought out much expert testimony on the question of the health of the mine workers. Three physicians who have practiced in Scranton or Wilkesbarre, took the stand for the miners and in substance testified that the occupation of a mine worker was "very unhealthful" and shortened his life. One physician, Dr. Frank P. Lenahan, of Wilkesbarre, who says he has had a long experience among mine workers, testified that fully 99 per cent. of the men who work in the mines are anaemic. Their health is impoverished and their general condition is below par, thus decreasing their earning powers. The principal illustration offered by the miners, the physicians said, were the miner's asthma, rheumatism, lumbago and sciatica. The miner's asthma comes from coal dust, powder smoke and vitiated air.

John O'Malley, of Scranton, said that at a post mortem he had seen miners' lungs as black as anthracite itself and Dr. Lenahan testified he had personal knowledge of a man coughing up coal dust nine years after he left the mines.

The cross examination of the Rev. Dr. Peter Roberts, D. D., of Mahanoy City, Pa., ended yesterday. Copious extracts from his book were read and placed on record. Ex-Congressman Simon P. Wolverton, counsel for the Reading Co., read much of the matter pertaining to violence in the 1900 strike, and also read articles written by Dr. Roberts during the progress of the late contest in which he described in strong language the acts of violence, intimidation and boycotting committed during that suspension. His articles spoke of some of these acts as "brutal outrages," and he also branded the union's action in calling out the steam men in June as "foolhardy." In explaining his articles Dr. Roberts said that he did not wish to infer that the organization was responsible for all the lawlessness committed.

In attempting to show that carelessness of the miners contributes materially to the danger of his occupation, Chairman Gray interposed with the remark that a margin of carelessness incident to human nature must be taken into account when estimating the dangerousness of any hazardous occupation.

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 22.—The mine workers, through their representatives, have agreed with the mine owners to attempt to adjust the differences existing between them outside the anthracite coal strike commission. The proposition was made on a compromise basis and negotiations, it is expected, will be at once entered upon, with a reasonable hope of settlement with the aid of the arbitrators. The rough proposition, which is to form the basis of negotiations, is a 10 per cent. increase in wages, a nine hour day, and trade agreements between the miners and the company by whom they are employed. The only one of the four demands not touched upon is that of the weighing of coal by the legal ton. While both sides have expressed the willingness to settle their differences among themselves, it is not to be construed that it carries with it the acceptance of the terms proposed. They are mentioned only as a basis, it is understood, from which a settlement is to be effected. It is possible that the foundation already laid can be wrecked by either party holding out too strongly against some question and thus leave the whole matter in the hands of the commissioners, who, in the meantime, will act as a sort of a board of conciliation, rather than as a board of arbitration.

Few persons were aware that an attempt would be made at an outside settlement until it was practically so intimated by Judge Gray, the chairman, of the commission, who read a carefully prepared announcement from the "bench." The move, one of the most important in the whole history of the coal strike, created a mild sensation when it became known. The surprise was all the greater when it will be remembered that numerous persons from the president of the United States down and that many organizations from the national civic federation to the small boards of trade of the mining towns failed to bring the two parties together. It is said it was all brought about by both sides seeing that the proceedings before the commission would be interminable, and that in the intermingling of the lawyers for both sides the outside agreement proposition was broached and taken up.

It is generally believed that the operators were the first to make the proposition. Wayne MacVeagh, who carried on such a brilliant cross-examination of President Mitchell, is given credit for bringing about the present situation. The commissioners was informed of the new turn of affairs last night, and acquiesced in the proposed arrangement.

Clarence S. Darrow, of Chicago, one of Mr. Mitchell's attorneys, brought the matter out when, near the close of yesterday's session, he suggested that the miners be given a little more time to prepare their evidence.

In order to give all parties an opportunity to confer on the new state of affairs an adjournment was taken at 12:45 until this morning.

It was agreed last night by the miners' representatives and the attorneys for the coal companies to ask the commission to adjourn to-day until Wednesday, December 3. It is likely the request will be granted.

A New Fuel.

Berlin, Nov. 21.—The manufacturers of machinery for compressing coal waste and lignite into the fuel called "briquettes," of which enormous quantities are used in Germany, have organized a syndicate for promoting the exports of this machinery to the United States and have sent an engineer to America to explain to mine owners how to make estimates of the costs of plants and describe the processes of manufacture. The syndicate is importing samples of American coal waste and lignite to analyze them and test the machines with them.

Embezzled $4,000.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 18.—Olbert B. Lamb, 26 years of age, who has been employed as a clerk in A. Jackson's mortgage and loan office, is locked up at police headquarters on the charge of embezzling $4,000 from his employer. Lamb walked into police headquarters ond gave himself up.

Cambon Given a Reception.

New York, Nov. 18.—A reception, largely attended by the French colony of this city, was given yesterday afternoon in honor of M. Jules Cambon, ambassador of France, by the faculty of Columbia university.

NOT WANTED.

The Russian Fanatics Now in Canada Make Application For Lands In United States But Are Refused.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The Christian community of the Universal Brotherhood, at Crowsland, Assiniboa, Canada, have sought a home in this country but have been officially notified that the community cannot settle on government domain. The community, represented by Ivan Ponomareff and others, forwarded a letter to the president asking for a refuge in the United States. The letter was referred to the interior department. Assistant Commissioner Richards, of the general land office, has forwarded a reply announcing that they cannot locate on the public lands of the United States. Mr. Richards says:

"In said letter you state that your community numbers more than 7,000 and that in 1898, and 1899, you emigrated from Russia to Canada because the Russian government would not permit you to live according to the dictates of your religion. You have discovered that although in Canada there is religious freedom, still it is not what you were in search of; that you yielded obedience only to the commands of the spirit of good, in your hearts, and cannot submit to any human laws or become the subjects of any sovereign; that you are not compelled to bear arms or perform military service in Canada, but must become subjects of Great Britain and therefore you cannot obtain land on which to live without obeying 'all the institutions and laws of Canada.' You therefore ask that you may be given refuge in this country or on land under the jurisdiction of this government, where you may live by the labor of your hands, and where you 'shall not be forced to obey human ordinances or be asked to become subjects of any one except the good God.' You state that you use no meat or milk, but only vegetables and fruit; that you have no domestic animals and all your work is done by your own labor, and ask only for so much land as you can cultivate by manual labor without the assistance of animals, etc.

"In reply I have to advise you that the public lands of the United States are disposed of only to citizens of the United States, or to those who have declared their intention to become such citizens."

THE WATER CURE.

It Was Administered to a Philippine Friar With Fatal Effect—A Peculiar Case.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The secretary of war yesterday sent to the attorney general the papers in the case of Father Augustine who died from the effects of water cure administered by soldiers of a Vermont regiment while serving in the Philippines. The case has been thoroughly investigated by the judge advocate general of the army upon the charges brought by Charles Francis Adams and others of what was known as the Lake George conference.

It cannot be found that any person now serving in the United States army was responsible in any way for the death of the friar, and therefore the persons cannot be tried by court martial. It is expected that following the precedents growing out of other wars the attorney general will render an opinion that neither the courts in this country nor those in the Philippines have any jurisdiction over the men or officers who have been discharged from the army.

Capt. Brownell, a volunteer officer who was in command of the troops who administered the water cure, has acknowledged that the cure was administered and that the man died.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Commissioner Jones' Report Advocates Agencies Being Placed Under Charge of Superintendents of Training Schools.

New York, Nov. 22.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones, in his annual report, estimates that the government from its foundation to 1890 spent $845,275,290 in fighting, subduing and controlling the Indians of the country, and $240,000,000 for the education and care of their children.

The report advocates that agencies and portions of agencies be placed under the charge of bonded superintendents of training schools, a policy already started wherever practicable, and according to the commissioner, giving better administration than when agencies were under the control of political fanatics. The total cost of the Indian schools during the fiscal year was $3,437,785, or $138 per capita. This amount maintained 249 schools, with an enrollment of 24,434 pupils, and in addition a number of pupils at the Hampton, Va., institute, and at public schools.

Wages Raised.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 22.—General Superintendent L'Hommideau yesterday afternoon announced an increase in the pay of switchers on the Michigan Central railway in the big yards between Detroit and Chicago and at junction points in Michigan from December 1. The new scale affects 500 men and means a change of the company's pay roll of about $6,000 a month. The increase was given voluntarily to make the scale commensurate with that paid by Chicago railways.

Reduced to Poverty.

Bowling Green, Nov. 22.—Ephraim Shanaberger, formerly of this county, has returned to earth and to Bowling Green from "heaven" near Livingston, Tex., where for the past few months he has been a dweller with the "Roll Flyers" in their paradise. Mr. Shanabarger and his woes are well remembered by people in this vicinity. He was once the richest farmer in this county, and through the religious zeal of his wife and the "Roll Flyers," he has been reduced to almost absolute poverty.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

Large Demand for Staple Lines of Merchandise.

Iron and Steel Industry is Active—Heavy Dry Goods Needs Stimulus of Cold Weather

New York, Nov. 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review says:

Voluntary increases in wages by some of the largest railway systems in the country bear eloquent testimony to the amount of business handled in the past and emphasize the confidence of officials in continued heavy traffic. Moreover, by this addition of large sums to the purchasing power of railway employes there is assurance of a large demand for all staple lines of merchandise. Temporarily, sales of seasonable lines of wearing apparel are retarded by mild weather, but this loss will be fully made up when low temperature becomes general. Preparations for holiday trade are on an unprecedented scale, especially at interior points. There is no relief as to the congestion of railway traffic nor any immediate prospect of free movements at the points of most serious blockade. Coal freight is steadily gaining, and all railway earnings thus far reported for November exceed last year's by 5.9 per cent. and those of 1900 by 15.9 per cent.

Orders are now coming forward for iron and steel products that have been held back many months in expectation of an easier market. Instead of making concessions, however, producers ask premiums for early delivery and hesitate to accept contracts where material and fuel are not in sight. No relief is reported as to the movement of coke, nor is any anticipated for some time to come.

Plans for constructive work are now increasing, and a very large tonnage of structural material will be required. Activity is notable at works making agricultural implements, bolts and kindred lines. Recent reductions in prices of a few of the lighter forms stimulated dealings to a fair degree.

Heavy lines of dry goods and footwear need the stimulus of cold weather. A fairly steady demand is reported for staple cotton goods, but buyers are taking only for immediate requirements.

Orders for spring shoes are coming forward freely, and there is supplementary buying of winter goods on a moderate scale.

CUBA'S TRADE.

Official Report of Minister Squiers Regarding Our Trade With That Island.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Minister Squiers, at Havana, has forwarded to the state department the official report of the foreign commerce of Cuba for May and June, 1902 and a statement of the trade with the United States in June, 1902, as compared with other countries.

The minister notes a decrease in the sugar trade for the first six months of 1902, as compared with the same period of 1901, of 143,000 tons. To offset this, however, there is an increase of 318,000 tons held in storage in the hope of better prices.

The report shows that Cuba gave to the United States 44 per cent. of her import and 74 per cent. of her export trade. Nearly all of Cuba's fruit and sugar was marketed in the United States last June as well as 50 per cent. of the island's tobacco.

The United States almost entirely supplied Cuba with wheat flour, corn, crude oil, coal and meats, with the exception of jerked beef. Spain and Canada supplied large quantities of potatoes, onions, hams and butter, which Minister Squiers says should come from the United States or be supplied by the home market. The minister says our live stock trade should be increased as the tariff provisions are favorable and cattlemen prefer American stock.

Cuban imports from the United States for the first six months of 1902 shows a reduction of 12 per cent. from the corresponding period of 1889. Imports from Spain increased 2 per cent. in the same period.

PEACE TREATY.

It Is Reported to Have Been Signed by Minister Perdomo and Gen. Herrera, at Panama.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Although they have not received any official confirmation of the report, officials of the Colombian legation express great satisfaction over the news that a treaty of peace has been signed with Gen. Herrera. They feel this will bring about a cessation of all hostilities on the isthmus and terminate a war which has ravaged Colombia for several years.

Panama, Colombia, Nov. 22.—The principal points in the treaty of peace, which is said to have been signed by Minister of State Perdomo, specifies that Gen. Herrera shall hand over to the government the entire revolutionary fleet. All the war elements of the insurgent armies in the provinces of Cauca and Panama and the arms and ammunition captured at Agua Dulce are also to be surrendered. The government will pay the sum necessary to return the soldiers of the revolution to their homes.

Sentence Too Light.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The war department has been advised of the findings in the case of First Lieutenant Benjamin J. Edger, Jr., assistant surgeon, United States army, tried by court martial at Manila, charged with disrespect to his commanding officer, Capt. Mathew F. Steele, Sixth cavalry, and with statements to brigade headquarters calculated to injure as commanding officer. The court sentenced Edger to a reprimand by the reviewing authorities, but the department commander disapproved the sentence because he thought it not severe enough for the offense.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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If paid is advance.....$1 50

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Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

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Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

Mr. Hill is more successful with juries than with voters.

The Democrats are pumpkins, all right, but they get little pie.

If the President had "staid put" he might have got the bear.

The capacity of a man may easily be measured by the size of the advancement that puffs him up.

The President may not get many bears, but he has a record of one Baer that will stand to his credit in 1904.

The Beef Trust is losing a lot of valuable buildings by fire. Never mind, it will get them all back again by "water."

Tom Johnson says, "Truth loses some battles, but never any wars." Better get on the side of truth, Thomas.

Plans are afloat to reduce the time of rail between New York and Washington, via Philadelphia and Baltimore, to four hours.

The President is now hunting in the Mississippi cane brakes. A short time ago he bagged some game in the Democratic "breaks."

If Mr. Schwab will pick up a little Buddhistic calm on his Asiatic trip we will all be grateful and he will feel better.

Gen. Miles gets a banquet everywhere he goes in the Philippines. We are informed that the water cure is not in evidence at these banquets.

"Scrapping" in the legislation hall is not confined to America. The Australian Reichsrath recently had a general melee while the House was in session.

Oom Paul Krueger's book is said to resemble Oom Paul Bryan's book, not in matter but in spirit. Mr. Krueger thinks the Boer cause will eventually prevail.

A West Virgina man dropped a lighted cigarette in a keg of powder. From the result we feel vindicated in our opinion that cigarettes are not to be classed as health foods.

Ben Tillman is making a fortune decrying the favorites of fortune. Ben belongs to the type of men who is bound to "get there" without regard to the route or the means.

Gen. DeWit says that the Boers were guilty of cowardice, faithlessness and treachery. Well, well! the English never said anything so bad of them.

There are great numbers of voters who affiliate with the Democratic party who are looking for a Moses to lead them out of that house of bondage.

Indian summer is very welcome this year. It is provided, however, not by the coal "Indians" of Pennsylvania, not by the authracite partners of the Almighty, but by the Head of the firm and is free for all.

When Mr. William Randolph Hearst takes his seat in Congress the Congressional Record will be printed on yellow paper with "scare" headings.

The Democratic party is like a run-down clock. It is absolutely right twice a day and absolutely wrong at all other times. The Republicn party may never be absolutely right but it is a good timepiece and follows the sun of progress.

Mr. Bryan is engaged in the harmless amusement of breathing on the Roosevelt mirror. Mr. Rooseveit is a man who does things—not people—his record is clean and clear, but Bryan has never done anything but talk, and even as a talker he was an expensive amusement.

President Roosevelt has made a great "strike" with the Washington correspondents by providing a room in his new office building exclusively for their use. It is small but is fitted with every convenience.

Mr. Roosevelt is the most hospitable as well as the youngest President that every occupied the White House. He would be delighted, no doubt, if he could have all the people he likes sit down at his table and eat bear.

Lots for Sale.

I have some desirable building lots for sale at a bargain. 30-tf.

C. J. GOODNOUGH.

Punishing Boodlers and Bribers.

City Attorney Joseph W. Folk is looking after the political housecleaning in St. Louis in a masterly way. He has already sent three prominent citizens to the penitentiary for political corruption and he is in a fair way to secure conviction in a dozen other cases. St. Louis has been under the political control of a gang of boodlers and bribers for ten years or more and until young Mr. Folk appeared on the scene no one seemed to dare take the matter in hand. Last week Col. Edward Butler, a millionaire and politician who has controlled elections in that city for years, was convicted of bribery in connection with a city garbage contract and he was sentenced last Friday to three years in prison. Butler's son is a member of Congress from St. Louis.

There are numerous other cities where municipal corruption has been known for years and they need men of just the character of Mr. Folk to take matters in hand. A remarkable feature of matters in St. Louis is that Mr. Folk was nominated and elected through the influence of the very gang of "leaders" he is now sending to prison so rapidly, and he announced that if he was elected to the office he should do his duty; but the politicians thought his promise was like that of the demagogue and he was young and not considered dangerous.

Every good citizen should feel satisfaction over the punishment of those who corrupt municipal government, of ballot box stuffers, of political boodlers and bribers, bribetakers and scallawags in high places as well as those of low degree. Every instance of reform like that now going on in St. Louis is a hopeful sign of the times. Let men like Mr. Folk come to the front and let the good work go on. —Tioga Agitator.

When Mr. Cleveland was President there were no freight blockades and the mills were not calling for coal and coks, says Philadelphia Inquirer. We then had a country governed by the good old Democratic principles. It is the opinion of Mr. Cleveland that the people are just hankering to return to those "first principles."

DR. FENNER'S
KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"Your Kidney and Backache Cure has cured two very bad cases among our customers the past year whom the doctors had given up. J. L. STILL & CO., Woodland, Ia."

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y

ALL GOOD THINGS

must win upon their merits. The International Dictionary has won a greater distinction upon its merits and is in more general use than any other work of its kind in the English language.

A. H. Sayce, LL.D., D.D., of Oxford University, England, has recently said of it: It is indeed a marvelous work; it is difficult to conceive of a dictionary more exhaustive and complete. Everything is in it—not only what we might expect to find in such a work, but also what few of us would ever have thought of looking for.

A supplement to the new edition has brought it fully up to date. I have been looking through the latter with a feeling of astonishment at its completeness, and the amount of labor that has been put into it.

LET US SEND YOU FREE

"A Test in Pronunciation" which affords a pleasant and instructive evening's entertainment.

Illustrated pamphlet also free.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Pubs., Springfield, Mass.

SEND US A COW,

Steer, Bull or Horse hide, Calf skin, Dog skin, or any other kind of hide or skin, and let us tan it with the hair on, soft, light, odorless and moth-proof for robe, rug, coat or gloves.

But first get our Catalogue, giving prices, and our shipping tags and instructions, so as to avoid mistakes. We also buy raw furs.

THE CROSBY FRISIAN FUR COMPANY, 116 Mill Street, Rochester, N. Y.

For sick headache try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by L. Taggart.

Christ submitted to the sting of death that He might secure the death of sin.

Asleep Amid Flames.

Breaking into a blazing home, some firemen lately dragged the sleeping inmates from death. Fancied security, and death near. It's that way when you neglect coughs and colds. Don't do it. Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption gives perfect protection against all Throat, Chest and Lung Troubles. Keep it near, and avoid suffering, death, and doctor's bills. A teaspoonful stops a late cough, persistent use the most stubborn. Harmless and nice tasting, it's guaranteed to satisfy by L. Taggart. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

God made men like Himself that they might make earth more like heaven

A Startling Surprise.

Very few could believe in looking at A. T. Hoadley, a healthy, robust blacksmith of Tilden, Ind., that for ten years he suffered such tortures from Rheumatism as few could endure and live. But a wonderful change followed his taking Electric Bitters. "Two bottles wholly cured me," he writes, "and I have not felt a twinge in over a year." They regulate the Kidneys, purify the blood and cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervousness, improve digestion and give perfect health. Try them. Only 50c at L. Taggart's drug store

Christ is the center in which the radii of all denominations must meet.

Luck in Thirteen.

By sending 13 miles Wm. Spirey, of Walton Furnace. Vt., got a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, that wholly cured a horrible Fever Sore on his leg. Nothing else could. Positively cures Bruises, Corns and Piles. Only 25c. Guaranteed by L. Taggart druggist.

A small boy is never so industrious as when it is time to go to bed.

Startling, but True.

"If every one knew what a grand medicine Dr. King's New Life Pills is," writes D. H. Turner, Dempseytown, Pa., "you'd sell all you have in a day. Two weeks' use had made a new man of me." Infallible for constipation, stomach and liver troubles 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

Love at first sight was never inspired by a may in a bathing suit.

One of the first of his bachelor habits which a bridegroom overcomes during the honeymoon is the fancy that he is utterly unworthy of such an angelic creature.

The star singer will give his notes to the glory of God if he can get enough notice for his own glory.

JUST WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

When you feel dull after eating.
When you have no appetite.
When you have a bad taste in the mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.

They will improve your appetite, cleanse and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by L. Taggart.

Alacrity is the thing with which an amateur responds to an encore.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

Mr. C. Haney, of Geneva, Ohio, had the piles for forty years. Doctors and dollars could do him no lasting good. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases. Look for the name DeWitt on the package—all others are cheap, worthless counterfeits. R. C. Dodson.

The Broad Street
Meat Market

is the place to buy your meats. We handle nothing but the very best. Will have

SPRING LAMB,
CHICKENS,
HOME-MADE MINCE MEAT,
HOME-MADE SAUSAGE,
FRESH OYSTERS,
WEANERS AND
LIVER SAUSAGE

Special Prices on many articles. It will pay you to call and see what we have.

GOODS DELIVERED PROMPTLY.

Geo. H. Gross.

We Have What You Need!

To brush up and make beautiful your home. The season of the year for such work has arrived and we would call the attention of the public to our very large and reliable line of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, the best in the world. In addition to the best paints, we have a first-class line of De Voe & Co.'s Brushes. Get a move on and be prepared to paint before the workmen are all engaged. We can save you money.

While you are painting your home or business place let us talk a little with you on Bath and Closets, Hot Water, Steam or anything in that line. Our increased facilities and expert workmen will do you good work. Don't deay until too late.

Farmers should bear in mind that we handle Plows, Harrows, Rakes, etc. In fact our Hardware, Stove and Plumbing Departments are up to the best.

Write or wire us, when a competent agent will call on you.

Murry & Coppersmith Co.

AFTER THE BATTLE

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. No if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,
THE PHARMACIST,

Consult Your Interests

AND SAVE BIG MONEY BY ORDERING NOW

YOUR FALL SUIT

AT

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We handle nothing but the very best fabrics and on this together with first-class fit and workmanship we have built up the large patronage we enjoy.

Come in and see us.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

Stylish Clothing

WE want to sell you a SUIT or OVERCOAT that is perfectly tailored. We want to give you a fit that is faultless, and that will show its quality all through its service.

Our HAT Department has been stocked with a carefully selected stock of the up-to-date styles and we can surely please you if you need anything in the hat line.

We have a large stock of Gents' Furnishings of all kinds, and our prices are always right, and quality the best.

SHOES—Every shrewd or economical purchaser can save money here. The excellence of our shoes, and the lowness of our prices, makes a combination for people who are shoe hungry.

Ladies Furs.

We have a most handsome line of Ladies Furs. We have an assortment that will satisfy any sized pocketbook, and ladies we invite you to come in and see our stock. The prices will sell these goods very rapidly.

☞We handle Union made goods.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Popular Clothier.

Balcom & Lloyd.

Prepared For the Season

We have opened and are displaying a choice line of . .

FANCY DRY GOODS

specially selected for the . .

Fall Season.

We have gathered such articles as combine elegance with utility and at

Very Reasonable ~ Prices ~

Balcom & Lloyd.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Nov. 5, 1902.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 15
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 50
Chop Feed, "	1 50
Middlings, Fancy "	1 15
Bran,	84
Corn, per bushel,	48
White Oats, per bushel,	
Choice Clover Seed,	At Market Prices.
Choice Timothy Seed,	
Choice Millet Seed,	
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Coutributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Chas. T. Logan visited in Kane on Sunday.

John Narby, Sr., continues in very feeble health.

Guy Kleese is visiting friends in Williamsport this week.

Mrs. Delia Clair, of Cameron, was a visitor in town on Saturday.

Collector Jessop is going to New York to-day on a business trip.

R. J. Waters, of Buffalo, was guest of Mr. Fred Julian and wife, on Tuesday.

The many friends of Theo. Ritchie will be sorry to learn th he has been quite ill.

Emmitt Tulis left last riday for a short visit with friends and relatives in New York State.

Mrs. E. C. Davison and daughter Mary, have been visiting at Johnsonburg during the past week.

R. P. Ort, of Williamsport, who was on his way to Painsville, Ohio, stopped off in Emporium Monday over night.

Mrs. S. L. Stoddard returned last Saturday from an enjoyable visit with Buffalo, Olean and Bradford friends.

Bernard Egan, one of our furniture dealers, is receiving congratulations on account of the arrival of that boy at his home last Sunday.

J. H. Swain and family last Thursday moved to Keating Summit, where Mr. Swain is station agent. Alicia and Nellie will remain here until the close of school.

Geo. Johnson who has for sometime been porter at the City Hotel, at this place, resigned his position on Tuesday and left for Jersey Shore where he expects to locate.

Mr. M. Norton, of Gibsonburg, Ohio, formerly a resident of this place visited in town last week on his return from a trip in New York State. He left Saturday for his home.

W. F. Cool, who is well known in this section has moved from Buffalo to Emporium, and accepted a position in the Taggart drug store at that place. —Coudersport Democrat.

Matthew Phoenix and wife, of Cameron, stopped in Emporium on Tuesday, while en route for Mich., to visit Ed. Russell and family. Mr. Phoenix has leased his farm and will take two months vacation.

Geo. Walker, Jr., has returned from visiting at Buffalo.

J. L. Fobert and family are located in one of the Odd Fellow flats.

Mr. E. H. Murry has resigned his position in L. K. Huntington's store.

J. William Kaye and bride are expected to visit Emporium next month.

Miss Edna Warner has been confined to her home for several days, threatened with fever.

Mr. George Bassie, one of Olean's leading young men is spending Thanksgivign among friends in town.

Dr. A. W. Baker, we are indeed sorry to learn, has been confined to his bed during the past week, quite seriously ill.

Mrs. John D. Logan returned on Monday from a delightful visit to Rochester, N. Y., where she was guest of Mr. and Mrs Robt. Wright.

E. F. Mason, of West Fifth street, employed as band-saw filer in C. B. Howard & Company's new mill, was a social caller at the PRESS sanctum last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Terwilliger, of Emporium, were in Ridgway Sunday afternoon last, visiting Mr. Terwilliger's mother, Mrs. M. M. Terwilliger, of South street, and his sisters.—Ridgway Advocate.

Prof. John Schwab, of Cameron, was a pleasant caller at the PRESS office on Saturday. Mr. Schwab, who is a young man of pleasing address and good qualities, is principal of Cameron schools.

A. R. Berfield, of Sinnamahoning, while in town last Saturday, paid his respects to the PRESS and pushed the date ahead on his paper. Mr. Berfield is employed on the survey of Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R., between Sinnamahoning and DuBois.

Capt. C. F. Barclay, of Sinnemahoning, transacted business in Emporium on Monday. Mr. Barclay is kept very busy looking after his varied interests in different sections of the country. And is now preparing to visit the Pacific coast, where his company own valuable stone quarries.

They have found another genuine Raphael, this time in Poland. Raphael could have made a fortune at house painting if he could have covered all the space his "genuine" canvasses occupy. The millions need Raphaels and the discoverers need the money.

SHAW'S PURE MALT.—Perfect as a beverage of medicine. It prevents chills and tones up the system. It exhilarates and does not poison.
Sold By
36-47-ly F. X. BLUMLE.

Onion Soup.

Onion soup is often liked by people who disdain the savory herb in any other form. There is no doubt of the wholesomeness of the onion, and those who have never tried the soup are recommended to use this celebrated recipe of the elder Dumas: Take, for three pints of soup, four Bermuda onions or eight common white ones, mince them and fry to a golden brown in two tablespoonfuls of butter. Pour in two quarts of water, season with pepper and salt and boil until the onions are quite soft. Beat the yolks of three eggs, mix with the soup and pour the mixture over finger slices of toasted bread. Milk may be used instead of water in this soup.

Cradles Hundreds of Years Ago.

In manuscripts of the ninth and tenth centuries we have pictures of cradles formed of part of a tree trunk dug out, with holes bored through the sides for the passage of straps intended to tie the baby down in his bed. These dug-out cradles are still common in modern Greece. When we come to consult the manuscripts and bas-reliefs of the fifteenth century, we notice that the cradles are no longer mere baskets or beds on rockers, but little swinging beds suspended between two pillars, the prototype of the modern bercelonnette.

The Harm of Damp Houses.

It is dangerous to health and even to life in a damp, moldy house, or one built over a moldy cellar. Many years ago the London Lancet in an article on diphtheria traced the disease in certain cases to the presence of certain molds and fungoid growths which seemed to be breathed into the throat. Remember, one of the best disinfectants is lime. Moldy cloths, such as shoes and other articles that are unfit for use, should be destroyed at once.

Every page of the Old Testament has a star of promise for the world's night of sin.

OUR GOOD TIMES ARE HERE TO STAY.

That is the View of Head of British Industrial Commission.

Members of the commission representing more than a score of the trades unions of England, who are the guests of Alfred Mosely, C. M. G., a wealthy Englishman, in a tour of this country to study its trade conditions, methods of manufacture and the relations of capital and labor, arrived in this city in their special car last night. To-day they will visit Cramps, Baldwins, and other industrial plants, and will be entertained at a banquet in the evening.

"We have," said Mr. Mosely, visited New York, Albany, Schenectady, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Chicago, Dayton and Pittsburg. We leave here on Tuesday evening and call on President Roosevelt on Wednesday morning. We return to New York on Wednesday and separate for ten days to allow each man to investigate matters concerning his own trade. We meet again in New York on December 8, 9, 10, at the annual meeting of the Civic Federation. On our return we shall make our views known in reports, pamphlets and illustrated lectures, having secured many views here."

Asked for his personal views as to how our industrial methods compare with those of Great Britain, said: "I should say you are far ahead of us in the wholesale way you do things and the modern machinery you employ. Perhaps we are ahead of you in shipbuilding, but in nearly all things else you are in the leap. You know our purpose in coming here was to try and impress on our people the need for up-to-date methods. I feel that our improvement must come through our workingmen. Capital does not seem to rise to the opportunities of trade, perhaps because we have been too successful in the past."

Speaking generally Mr. Mosley said he was convinced that the high protective tariff had been a big blessing to this country. "If I were an American I should let well enough alone," he said, "and should oppose any tinkering with the tariff. As an Engliseman I believe that moderate free trade is best for our country. I regard your trusts as the the greatest industrial blessing you have. If there are evil trusts you will find they will curb themselves.

"Your present condition of prosperity is the astonishment, wonder and envy of the old world. The rest of Europe is in a very bad way while you are enjoying times such as you have never known before. I think your good times have come to stay. Conditions have changed. You are no longer an agricultural country, you are an industrial country."

Mr. Mosely was asked if he did not think the Beef Trust an evil. "In the first place," he said, "there is no beef trust and in the second I believe the high prices of meats are the result of natural conditions. High prices for food products have come to stay. The demand has increased while the sources of supply have been curtailed. That tells the whole story."—Phila. Inquirer.

Touss via Pylennvnia Railroad Season of 1902—1903.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces the following Personally-Conducted Tours for the season of 1902-1903:—

CALIFORNIA:—Two tours No. 1 will leave New York, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and Pittsburg January 29; No. 2 will leave February 19, and will include the Mardi Gras at New Orleans.

FLORIDA:—Three tours to Jacksonville will leave New York and Philadelphia February 3 and 17, and March 3. The first two of these admit of a sojourn of two weeks in the "Flowery State."

Tickets for the third tour will be good to retnrn by regular trains until May 31, 1903.

Tickets for the above tours will be sold from principal points on the Pennsylvania Railroad. For detailed itineraries, giving rates and full information, address Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburg; E. Yungman, Passenger Agent Baltimore District, Baltimore; C. Studds, Passen-Agent Southeastern District, Washington; or Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia.

2596-40-1t.

The Christmas Number of The Delineator.

To do justice to this number, which for beauty and utility touches the highest mark, it would be necessary to print the entire list of contents. It is sufficient to state that in the best modern writers and artists are generously represented. The book contains over 230 pages, with 34 full page illustrations, of which 20 are in two or more colors. The magnitude of this December number, for which 728 tons of paper and six tons of ink have been used, may be understood from the fact that 91 presses running 14 hours a day, have been required to print it; the binding alone of the edition of 915,000 copies representing over 20,000,000 sections which had to be gathered individually by human hands.

The wolves always applaud when the shepherd whips the sheep.

A Generation Ago
coffee could only be bought in bulk. The 20th century way is the

LION COFFEE

way—sealed packages, always clean, fresh and retaining its rich flavor.

The Best Remedy for Croup.

(From the Atchison, Kan., Daily Globe.)

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the middle of the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost as sure to be lost, in case of cronp, as a revolver is sure to be lost in case of burglars. There used to be an old fashioned remedy for croup known as hive syrup and tolu' but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost so much. It causes the patient to throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by L. Taggart.

Licenses were taken out for 422,693 dogs last year in Ireland, the amount paid being £45,269 6s.

A child of Mrs. Geo. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath, stepped back against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great agony and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the house, she thought she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Mrs. Benson is a well known resident of Kellar, Va. Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment and especially valuable for burns, cuts, bruises and sprains. For sale by L. Taggart.

Ernst Ruhmer, the Berlin scientist, has just succeeded in telephoning a distance of nearly five miles without wires.

For a Bad Cold.

If you have a bad cold you need a good reliable medicine like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to loosen and relieve it, and to allay the irritation and inflammation of the throat and lungs. For sale by L. Taggart.

Two motor cars are now carrying passengers between Bulawayo and the outlying districts.

If you are bilious and seeking advisers,
Take DeWitt's Little Early Risers.
Just before going to bed.
You will find on the morrow,
You are rid of your sorrow—
That's all; just enough said.
These famous pills do not gripe. but move the bowels gently and easily, cleansing, the liver. Their tonic effect gives strength to the glands, preventing a return of the disorder R. C. Dodson.

Five pounds is the weight of a crab which has just been landed at Withnses.

One Mfnute Cough Cure.

Is the only harmless cough cure that gives quick relief. Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough Pheumonia, Asthma, LaGrippe and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. I got soaked by rain, says Gertrude E. Fenner, Muncie, Ind., and contracted a severe cold and cough. I failed rapidly; lost 48 lbs. My druggist recommended One Minute Cough Cure. The first bottle brought relief several cured me. I am back to my old weight, 148 lbs, One Minute Cough cuts the phlegm, relieves the cough at once, draws out inflamation, cures croup. An ideal remedy for children.

A sparring exhibitior was recently held in Kansas City for the benefit of a church.

A Thanksgiving Dinner.

Heavy eating is usually the cause of indigesion. Repeated attacts inflame the mucous membranes lining of the stomach, exposes the nerves of the stomach, producing a swelling after eating, heartburn, headache, sour risings and finally catarrh of the stomach. Kodol relieves the inflammation, protects the nerves and cures the catarrh. Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia, all stomach troubles by cleansing and sweeting the glands of the stomach. R. C. Dodson.

Fobert
The Tailor

We have the best assortment of
WOOLENS for
Fall and Winter

The best workmanship.
All first-class work and
Strictly latest style.

Remember our prices are the lowest.

If you want a suit of clothes don't wait until the rush before ordering. Don't put off ordering until too late. Leave your order now.

All Work Guaranteed

J. L. FOBERT,
Emporium, Pa.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY BARGAINS.

DAY'S

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

We don't want to claim more than facts warrant, we don't think we do. If as good values can be found elsewhere we would be glad to know it, and modify our advertising accordingly.

We do not exagegrate.

This Week.

$1.15	Sack Flour $4.30 Bbl.	$1.10
15C	Package Maccaroni, Genuine imported.	12C
15C	Bottle Olives, Selected.	12C
10C	Package Toilet Paper, 1,000 sheets to roll	8C
	ROLLED AVENA, Direct from mills.	4C
25	Lb. Bag Sugar Best Granulated.	$1.40

CHRISTMAS CHINA.

Much of our Christmas stock is now on exhibition. New goods appearing every day, come early and examine our stock and get first pick.

You'll find goods to suit the purse of all.

Phone 6. J. H. DAY

Ready for
Fall and Winter

Coats, Capes and Cloaks. As the cold weather season draws near, you must be prepared to meet the winds of the chilly winter, and we are now ready with a much larger stock than heretofore, to meet your wants. The very latest styles in Ladies' Coats, Capes and Cloaks. If you fail to see our large stock and get our prices you will be the loser

Furs. In the fur line we lead in this county. We have anything in this line that can be desired and the prices are sure to make ready sales. Call and see our large stock.

Shirt Waist Patterns. We carry a handsome line of Shirt Waist Patterns, as our large trade in this line fully demonstrates.

We are now ordering carpet by samples and can surely please you from our large stock of patterns. We can furnish you from the cheapest to the most expensive.

We invite the citizens to visit our store and get our prices. You will receive cordial treatment whether you purchase or not.

M. C. TULIS.

A Step in the Right Direction

Is when you step into our store to buy your supplies for the family larder. We have the quality of goods that "taste like more," and at prices that gives you a chance to buy more, and a larger variety than at any other grocery. Groceries of all descriptions, Maple Syrup, Sauer Kraut, Buckwheat Flour and Pillsbury's Best Flour, Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Vegetables of all kinds. We can supply your wants for the holidays, both in groceries, meats and poultry. Our market is stocked with Turkeys, Ducks, Chickens and all kinds of Meats—fresh and juicy. Mince-meat, Sausage and Smoked Meats constantly on hand. Prices the lowest, quality considered. Come in and convince yourself with a trial order. Everything must be satisfactory or money refunded.

FRANK SHIVES.

Well Protected.

A revolver or a rifle should be in every household. Although it may not be used by a woman once in a year, it is there—a household guard.

The sporting season will soon be upon us. Needn't wait for that though. You will find lots of sport in here just buying your hunting paraphernalia. Stocks large, and prices so small, that you will have to set your dog to sniffing them out. We have full assortment—Ammunition—everything complete.

HARRY S. LLOYD.

REMEMBRANCE.

We think of long-past moments,
The day we say good-by;
The tear we do not care to show
Comes stealing to the eye;
The voice that lulled us long ago
Is tremulous and sad;
The busy city far away
Has lost the charm it had;
The peacock's cry is shrill, as though
Protesting, and her hands
Are pressed against her eyes, as we
Look back where mother stands.

With prayers to H'm above us,
We hurry on the way,
And leave the ones who love us—
Too proud, alas, to stay!

We soon forget the heartache,
The tears soon cease to blind;
We soon forget to pray at night
For those we leave behind;
We hurry on to gain the height,
We strive for wealth and place,
And in our eagerness forget
The dear, pathetic face—
But some one's hair keeps turning white,
And while we push ahead
A prayer God first heard long ago
For us each night is said.

Though we forget they love us
And lose our old regret,
The God who reins above us
Knows that they ne'er forget.
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.

A Knave of Conscience

By FRANCIS LYNDE.

(Copyright 1900, by Francis Lynde.)

CHAPTER XXX.—CONTINUED.

Andrew Galbraith was silent on the short run before the gale to the pier-head at the foot of Main street. For one thing, he was not a man of many words; and for another, he was chilled through and thoroughly uncomfortable.

None the less, he made shift to thank his rescuers in fitting phrase at the point of debarkation, and to intimate, as a gentleman might, that his gratitude would wait upon a fitting opportunity to take a more substantial form. Charlotte offered to walk home, that Griswold might see Mr. Galbraith safe to his hotel, but this the old man would by no means permit.

"Na, na," he said, relapsing, as he did now and then, into the Scottish mother-tongue. "I'm wet as any drowned rat, but I'm not that badly fashed. Take the leddy home, Mr. Griswold, and do you two be seeing after yourselves. You're as wet as I am."

Accordingly, Griswold accompanied Charlotte to her own gate, and then went home to change his clothes. Just what he meant to do afterwards was not very clearly defined, but during the changing interval he made up his mind with sudden determination. Whatever should come of it, the thing for which all other things must wait must be said. He had reached the parting of the ways; he knew, as he might have known from the moment of love-making on the "Belle Julie," that life without Charlotte to share it with him would henceforth be no more than a shadow of the real.

He had a good excuse for going straight away back to Dr. Farnham's. The very least he could do would be to call and ask if she had come through the adventure with no worse consequence than a shock and a wetting. And yet, when he had let himself out of Mrs. Holcomb's gate he did not go directly to the house on the lake's edge. Instead, he made a long detour, walking aimlessly and deeply buried in thought. This thing which he was about to do was not to be done lightly. So far from it, the more he pondered over it the more he realized that it was likely to prove the turning point in his life. Now, that he gave himself the backward glance which he had steadily refused since the morning of the Bayou bank incident to take, he saw that he had been living tentatively; passing from day to day as one who waits upon the event of the day; looking neither backward nor forward. Though he had worked faithfully, doing the thing that lay next to his hand, he knew now that his work, on his book or in the office with Raymer, had been purely extrinsic to any well-considered future. But now the future demanded thoughtful consideration—would have it, whether or no; and, as was inevitable, the past colored every forecasting picture.

For one thing, he had come to that stone of stumbling which he had forseen in his earliest imaginings touching his future relations with Charlotte. Without being unduly besotted, the hope that he should not plead with her in vain was almost an assurance. If he could gain his own consent to let the past lie buried in oblivion, the vista of the future opened out before him with all the barriers to happiness brushed aside. And yet, try as he might to resolve to hold his peace touching the past, he could not bring himself to the point of taking her conscience unawares. He was far enough from realizing that his own conscience was interposing this obstacle. He thought, when he allowed himself to think in that direction, that he had settled the conscientious scruples for himself once and for all. Nevertheless, there had been moments, brief, fleeting moments, for the most part, when he would have given the reversion of years of life to be as he had been before the pistol-drawing incident in Andrew Galbraith's private office. But these little upflaskes of remorse had been but match flares, going out in a sudden whiff of the wind of finality. For the thing was done irrevocably and could never be undone.

In the aimless detour which led him from street to street and finally into a road that brought him out upon the lake front far from town, these things all came up for a hearing, and he gave them room patiently, as a judge hears a plea that he knows well he must disregard. The storm was over, and the sun was setting in all the glory of the broken cloud rack in the west. Griswold had the artist's eye for nature's grandeur, and at another time the sunset would have held him spellbound. But now he plodded along with hands behind him and his head down, seeing nothing but the all too clear vista of the past, and that other vista of the future which had but now become a valley of shadows.

So plodding along the lake drive, he came at length to the boundaries of Jasper Grierson's domain, and almost before he knew it, he was climbing the path to Mereside. At the very veranda steps he came alive to some sense of what he was about to do, and would have stopped to weigh the consequences—to turn back, it may be. But a trim little figure slipped from a hammock at the corner of the veranda and Margery came to meet him.

"I'm so glad," she said, standing at the steps to give him both her hands in welcome. "I did so hope you would come."

CHAPTER XXXI.

However much or little Griswold ever meant to say to Margery Grierson on any of his visits to Mereside, she never suffered him to follow out any programme of his own. She did not do it now; and when he would have spoken about the loss of the launch and her own narrow escape from drowning, she turned him aside with a word.

"It was an accident, and accidents are always happening," she said, lightly. "Nobody was drowned, and I hope nobody will be silly enough to take cold. That wasn't why I was hoping you would come."

"No?" he said, following her as she led the way to a wicker tete-a-tete in the hammock corner.

"No. Sit down and be prepared to give me what I have never had; a good, sound flogging of advice—a cool-headed man's advice. You'll do it if I can make you understand how much I need it."

His smile was self-depreciative.

"You have hit upon the worst possible man, I fear. I'm more in need of counsel myself than able to give it."

She regarded him with a curious little smile twitching at the corners of her piquant mouth. "Are there two of us?" she asked.

He saw beyond and behind the smile; saw troubled depths in the bright eyes, and was suddenly moved to pity, though why she should be pitied he could not guess. The pity was the first step on the way to other things, but this he did not suspect. He was conscious only of a certain pleasure in her nearness; flattered a little, too, as any man would be, by her implied promise to take help from him.

"I can't imagine your leaning on anyone," he said. "But if a broken reed will serve your purpose—"

"Hush!" she commanded. "That is conventional cant, and you know it. You are not living up to your pose here in Wahaska. You may think you are, but you are not."

"I don't know why you should say that."

"If I couldn't say it, I shouldn't be asking your advice," she retorted. "Not many people here know the real Kenneth Griswold, but I think I do."

Griswold smiled. "Describe him to me, and I may tell you if you are right."

There was a little pause, and though she was looking past him, there was a certain raptness in her eyes that was new to him.

"He is a very ruthless man at heart," she said, speaking slowly; "hard and unbending, and terribly self-centered, but with eyes that see through all shams but his own. He thinks thoughts and would do deeds that would shock conventionality into a state of coma; and yet conventionality is his god. Am I right?"

Griswold took time to think about it. "Perhaps you are," he said, at length.

"I am going to assume it," she went on, "and ask him—the real Kenneth Griswold, you know—to lend me those hard, unpitying, all-seeing eyes of his. May I?"

"If I say 'yes' it is without prejudice to the right of protest."

She waved the condition aside in a quick little gesture of impatience, and what she said seemed altogether irrelevant.

"In your opinion, Mr. Griswold, how far may a father go in demanding the loyalty of his child?"

The question was so totally unexpected that Griswold had once more to take time to think about it.

"If you mean in the ethical field, I should say his right stops this side of wrong-doing."

"Thank you. Now supposing that the father of a young woman pressed his demands beyond that point; would she be justified in open rebellion?"

"In refusing, to be sure."

"No, but in rebellion—in open reprisals, I mean?"

"I don't know; possibly the circumstances in some particular case might justly open rebellion. But I can hardly conceive the conditions."

"Can't you? Let me see if I can suppose them for you. Picture to yourself an unhappy marriage—the unhappiest of all in a world of unhappy marriages. Let the blame of it lie where it may fall, on either side, but remember that the man was brutal and the woman was weak. Suppose there was a child, who, instead of being a bond between them, was a bone of contention. Do you follow me?"

"Perfectly."

She was looking past him again, and there was a certain quality of hardness in her voice that spoke of unsuspected depths of bitterness. Yet she went on steadily.

"Suppose when this child grew up she was compelled to choose between the mother who needed her and the father who could gratify her ambitions. Suppose, if you can, that she made some sort of a compromise with the little speck of conscience she had and went with the father who, if he was brutal, was also strong."

She paused again; and he said: "Well?"

"I—I am afraid I am boring you." The eyes were downcast now.

"No, you are not. Go on."

"Well, let us say that after a time, this girl, who had some of her father's hardness and some of her mother's weakness, came to see that she had taken the winning side merely because it was the winning side; that she was helping her father to become harder and more pitiless than ever; that she was really helping him to—to ruin other people who couldn't fight as well. Then you are to imagine, if you find it possible, that her speck of a conscience rose up in rebellion; that the father tried to bribe her to be loyal, and that she took the bribe and afterward went about deliberately to upset all his plans for ruin—for getting the best of other people. Don't you think such a young woman would be an object of contempt to any really good man?"

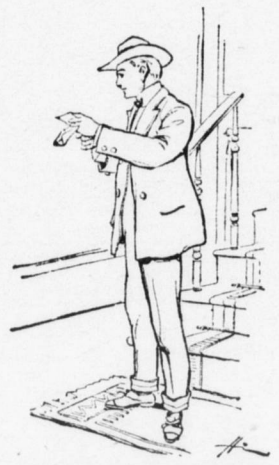
There was not any of the hardness with which she had dowered him in her description in the eyes that met hers. In the room of it, there was something she did not understand.

"It would depend somewhat upon the man," he said, slowly; "and much more upon a thing quite extrinsic to all these conditions you have been supposing for me."

"Yes?" she said, and she could no longer meet his gaze fairly.

"Yes. If the man, knowing all these hard conditions, still loves you, Margery—"

She interrupted him with a sudden, fierce energy. "Oh, but he couldn't, Mr. Grisewold, indeed he couldn't!"



IT WAS FROM MARGERY.

Her hand was on the low dividing rail of the tete-a-tete, and he covered it with his own.

"The man loves you with all his heart, Margery, and will always love you, no matter what you tell him about yourself or your past."

"Oh, Kenneth!—may I call you Kenneth?—If I could only be sure of that!"

"You may be sure of it now and always. But—but, Margery, dear, you must cherish that speck of a conscience, for I happen to know that this mythical man sets great store by conscience—will be very unhappy if it is lacking in the woman he loves."

She was standing before him now, and her eyes were alight from within. But what she would have said is not to be here written down. For at that moment there was a heavy step on the gravel and some one came to interrupt. It was Andrew Galbraith, calling with old-school punctilio to see if his hostess had suffered in the accident on the lake.

CHAPTER XXXII.

When Griswold took his leave of Miss Grierson, which he did as soon as he could after Mr. Galbraith's coming, he did not go to Dr. Farnham's. On the contrary, he went to his room at Mrs. Holbrook's, and spent the hour before dinner tramping up and down with his hands behind him and with a sharper trouble than he had ever known gnawing ruthlessly at his peace of mind.

All through the talk with Margery, and up to the very instant of interruption, he had made sure that her thinly veiled hypothesis revolved about one Edward Raymer. But at the last moment, this conviction had trembled upon its pedestal and tottered to its fall. He thought he had come to know Margery pretty well—well enough to be sure that she would not misunderstand anything that he might have said. But when he came to weigh those sayings of his in the light of a possible misconstruction he was moved to grind his teeth in a very manly agony of shame.

He had neither weighed nor measured them at the time—being so sure that Raymer was the man; but in that last little outburst of hers there was room for a most disquieting doubt; and since a man may be a knave of conscience and still be a gentleman, Griswold despised himself very heartily after the fact, going so far as to question his right to go to Charlotte until after this terrible doubt was drawn and quartered and decently buried out of sight and beyond the possibility of a resurrection.

It was during this ante-dinner interval of self-recrimination on Griswold's part that two men met behind a closed door in a first-floor chamber of the summer hotel on the Point. One of them was Mr. Andrew Galbraith, but now returned from his call on Miss Grierson. The other was a shrewd-faced man, as yet in the prime of life; a man with a square jaw and thin lips and ferretty eyes. Mr. Galbraith held a cigar between his fingers, but it had gone out. The other was smoking a Regalia, and its subtle fragrance filled the room.

"You think you are sure of your man this time, are you, Griffin?" said the banker.

The detective blew a smoke-cloud toward the ceiling and nodded slowly. "There isn't a shadow of doubt about his identity, now."

"Then, pardon me, Mr. Griffin, why do you come to me. Why don't you make your arrest and take the man to New Orleans? I'll be there to appear against him at the fall term of court."

"I don't rightly know why I have come to you." The detective's reply was as hesitant as his nod had been. "I've put the irons on some queer customers in my time, and I don't know as I ever hung back till now. But this fellow—"

"State your case," said the banker, briefly. "I can't conceive of anything which would come between you and your sworn duty."

"That's it; that's just it. Neither could I. But something has come between, this trip. First off, I got to know the fellow pretty well before I found out who he was, and—well, he sort of captured me, as you might say. He wasn't anybody's hold-up; he was just a nice, square, clean-cut gentleman, all open and above-board. Pretty soon after that, he did me a considerable of a good turn—took some trouble to do it. About that time I began to suspect who he was, and not to be owing him when it came to the handcuff act, I tried to even up on that good turn of his. That's where I fell down. Instead of squaring the thing, I got in deeper, and the cool-headed beggar saved my life, out and out. Now that's my hot-box, Mr. Galbraith. What would you do if the fellow saved your life?"

Andrew Galbraith answered offhand, as a man will when the supposition is only an hypothesis which can by no means be transmuted into facts personal.

'I should do my duty, of course. This would be an uncanny world to live in, Mr. Griffin, if we let personal considerations stand in the way of plain duty."

[To Be Continued.]

NOT TO BE TRIFLED WITH.

An Arab Wife Who Upheld Her Honor by Beheading Her Worthless Husband.

The Times of India tells the following story to show the character of the Arabs of Yemen, among whom there had been some disturbances, says London Telgraph. A man of Zaraniks, who had several times cut the new telegraph lines, and who was punished more than once, was caught on one occasion by an Arab sheik in charge of the lines. The sheik intended to send him to Meedy for imprisonment, but the wife of the accused came in and stood as a guarantee for his future good behavior. The sheik accepted the bail and released him, but shortly afterward he again resorted to his old practice of cutting the wires, and bolted away to another village, at a distance of one day's march, where he had another wife. The sheik then sent for his first wife who stood security for him, and told her he would disgrace her among the Arabs if she failed to bring in her husband. The woman asked the sheik not to "spread the black sheet" (a custom of the country when anyone commits a breach of trust) until the following day. She started that night, taking a sharp dagger concealed under her clothes, to the village where her husband was staying. She found him asleep in his abode, and stabbed him, cut his throat, and carried his head back to her home. The next morning she went to the sheik and presented the head of her husband, saying: "Here is your criminal, and I am freed from the bail. Please do not affix the black sheet."

The Proper Place.

"What on earth," said a gentleman to his son, "are you doing up there, Johnny, sitting on the horse's back with a pencil and paper, when you ought to be at school?"

"Teacher said I was to write a composition on a horse," said the boy, "and I'm trying to; but it's awful dif'cult, 'cos he will keep moving so. I s'pose that's why teacher gave it to us to do, ain't it?"—Tit-Bits.

Discovery of Iron.

Teacher—Johnny, can you tell me how iron was first discovered?

Johnny—Yes, sir.

"Well, just tell the class what your information is on that point."

"I heard pa say yesterday that they smelt it."—London Spare Moments.

The Only Way.

Cholly—By Jove, guide! I've bagged a bird at last.

The Guide—That's jest 'cos yer took my advice an' stopped aimin' at 'em. I've told yer right along dat by shuttin' yer eyes an' blazin' away at a flock you would sooner or later git one.—Judge.

Keep Away from the Clock.

Every time a lazy man looks at the clock the day becomes longer.—Chicago Daily News.

Sad Loss Indeed.

Representative Pearre, of Maryland, has a constituent who recently related to him a hard-luck story.

"I've lost two horses and my wife," said the stricken man. "It was a good span of horses, too," he added.—Des Moines Leader.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

"If ev'y man," said Uncle Eben, "was willin' to work as hahd as he expects his mule to work, dar wouldn't be nigh so much complainin' in dis worl'."—Washington Star.

"I suffered for months from sore throat. Eclectric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

Early frost catches the budding genius.—Chicago Daily News.

We cannot control the evil tongues of others, but a good life enables us to despise them.—Cato.

"And you say Gittup's new production is a problem play?" "That's what." "What's the problem?" "Why, the problem is how Gittup can stand off the sheriff."—Baltimore News.

"A man kin allus tell whut he would do ef he was in another man's place," said Uncle Eben, "but de man dat gits de place is de one dat keeps a-doin' an' cuts out de tellin'."—Washington Star.

"I don't understand," remarked Miss Prettygirl, "how you men can go around in the woods and fields, shooting down poor, innocent little birds and animals." "Weally, weally," replied Mr. Willieboy, earnestly, "I don't either; but I have a fellah who has pwomised to show me how to do it this week, don't you know!"—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

An Inconsistency.—"There's another thing I can't understand," said Mr. Sirius Barker as he laid down the paper and took a dyspepsia tablet. "What can that be?" asked his wife in a well-feigned tone of surprise. "Why a woman will fuss over her husband brushing his coat and fixing his necktie and warning him when he needs a haircut, and then rave admiringly over a football player."—Washington Star.

Placing the Hero.

"I'm goin' to be married, father," said a young woman the other day."

"Vell, Rachel," responded the father, "so you're goin' to get married? Vot is he and who is he?"

"Oh, father, he is a fine young man, a fine young man."

"But vat is he and who is he?" persisted the practical father.

"Father, he is a fine young man; he is a hero," reiterated Rachel.

"Hero?" questioned the old man. "Vot for beesness is a hero? Makin' buttonholes is a beesness, but vot for beesness is a hero?"—N. Y. Herald

THE TEST OF TIME.

Mrs. Clara J. Sherbourne, Professional Nurse of 257 Cumberland St., Portland, Maine, says:—

"I heartily wish those who suffer from some disturbed action of the kidneys would try Doan's Kidney Pills. They would, like me, be more than surprised. My back annoyed me for years. Physicians who diagnosed my case said it arose from my kidneys. When the grip was epidemic, I was worn out with constant nursing, and when I contracted it myself it left me in a very serious condition. I could not straighten nor do the most trivial act without being in torture. The kidneys were too active or the secretions were too copious, and I knew what was wrong, but how to right it was a mystery. It seems odd for a professional nurse, who has had a great deal of experience with medicines, to read advertisements about Doan's Kidney Pills in the newspapers, and it may appear more singular for me to go to H. H. Hay & Son's drug store for a box. But I did, however; and had anybody told me before that it was possible to get relief as quickly as I did I would have been loth to believe it. You can send anyone who wishes more minute particulars about my case to me, and I will be only too glad to tell them personally. As long as I live I will be a firm advocate of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Cure Confirmed 5 Years Later.

"Lapse of time has strengthened my good opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills, first expressed in the spring of 1896. I said then that had anybody told me that it was possible to get relief as quickly as I did I would have been loth to believe it. Years have passed and my continued freedom from kidney complaint has strengthened my opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills and given me a much higher appreciation of their merits."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Sherbourne will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

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READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS

ADMITS HE SLEW CUSTER.

The Confession of Appearing Elk, a Sioux Warrior, Clears Up Mystery of Many Years.

Gen. Custer was slain by a Sioux warrior by the name of Appearing Elk, according to Rev. Philip Daloria, of Flora, S. D., formerly a Sioux chief, but now a minister. Rev. Mr. Daloria gives the solution of the Little Big Horn mystery of 1876 in the words of Custer's slayer himself. Appearing Elk died last spring after having told his story to the minister:

"I have been the means of converting an old warrior named Appearing Elk who was in the fight at Little Big Horn in which Gen. George A. Custer fell," said Mr. Daloria the other day. "Appearing Elk gave the following account of the massacre: 'We had surrounded the last cluster of soldiers. I discovered that I myself was wounded. Suddenly a man in blue loomed up in front of me. I knew that he was a chief, but I did not know who he was. He was swaying like a drunken man from exhaustion and loss of blood from many bullet and arrow wounds. I felled him with my tomahawk and then sat on his body to be sure that I should not be robbed of my rights.

"'In order to make doubly sure I took the revolver from the holster of the dead man and stuck it in my belt. When there were no more soldiers left alive the noise ceased and the dust lifted. I was still sitting on the body. I didn't scalp the man. Afterward I learned he was the chief of the white men.'"

LIFE-SAVING GLOBE.

Novel Invention of a Norwegian Picked Up in the English Channel by a Tug.

A demonstration of the efficiency of a novel life-saving invention has taken place in the English channel, cables the London correspondent of the New York Herald.

About four miles off Folkestone, a tug sighted a strange object in the water. Upon coming nearer it was found to be a large globe. From a manhole on the top a man's head projected. The tug went alongside and two men emerged from the globe. They proved to be the inventor and his assistant, both Norwegians. According to their story, the globe, which is composed of aluminum, was put overboard from a steamer off Havre Tuesday and since that time it had been knocking about the channel with its two occupants.

The inventor claims that it satisfied all requirements and explanations, and demonstrated its serviceability for saving lives at sea.

The tug towed the curious craft to Dover, where it attracted much attention.

It is about eight feet in diameter. An air shaft is provided with a water pump, sail and rudder. Its capacity is claimed to be sufficient for 16 persons, together with 850 pounds of food and 1,100 pounds of water.

The grace to do small things may be greater than the gift of doing great things. —Ram's Horn.

CATARRH THIRTY YEARS.

The Remarkable Experience of a Prominent Statesman--Congressman Meekison Gives Pe-ru-na a High Endorsement.

Congressman Meekison of Ohio.

Hon. David Meekison is well known not only in his own State, but throughout America. He was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress by a very large majority, and is the acknowledged leader of his party in his section of the State.

Only one flaw marred the otherwise complete success of this rising statesman. Catarrh with its insidious approach and tenacious grasp, was his only unconquered foe. For thirty years he waged unsuccessful warfare against this personal enemy. At last Peruna came to the rescue. He writes:

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and I feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feel encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will be fully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."—David Meekison, Member of Congress.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

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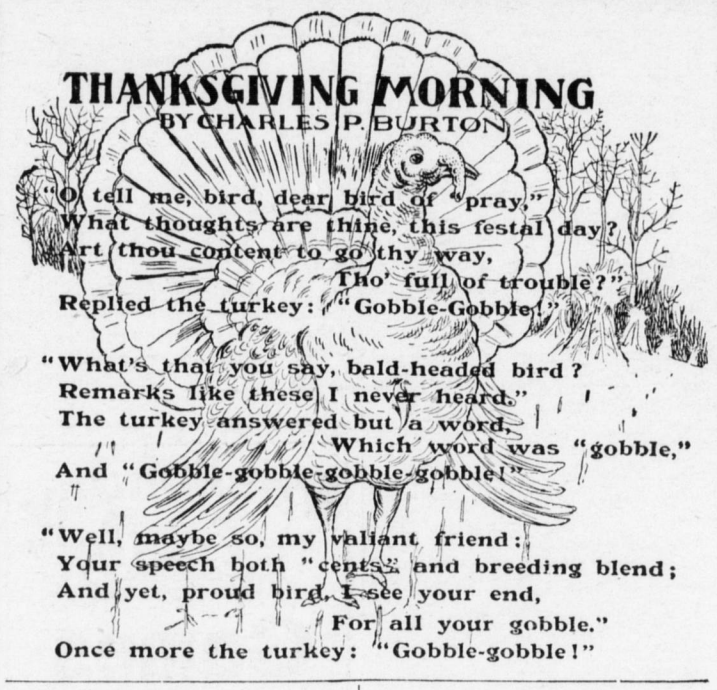

THANKSGIVING MORNING
BY CHARLES P. BURTON
"O tell me, bird, dear bird of pray,
What thoughts are thine, this festal day?
Art thou content to go thy way,
Tho' full of trouble?"
Replied the turkey: "Gobble-Gobble!"
"What's that you say, bald-headed bird?
Remarks like these I never heard."
The turkey answered but a word,
Which word was "gobble,"
And "Gobble-gobble-gobble-gobble!"
"Well, maybe so, my valiant friend:
Your speech both "cents" and breeding blend;
And yet, proud bird, I see your end,
For all your gobble."
Once more the turkey: "Gobble-gobble!"

EARLY THANKSGIVING

Day of the Puritans Differed But Little from That of To-Day.

It Was a Time of Feasting and Mirth Rather Than of Fasting and Prayer—The First New England Thanksgiving.

THE first New England Thanksgiving was a Thanksgiving week, rather than a Thanksgiving day. And, though we are apt to think of it as a religious celebration, it was really, that first one, a season marked by feasting and jollity; very much as is our Thanksgiving of to-day. Indeed, it seems to some of us of the present that at the Thanksgiving holiday in the autumn of 1621, the religious side was quite too little considered, instead of given undue prominence. No mention is made of any religious services taking place that week as part of the observances.

The Plymouth Pilgrims, who had toiled arduously a whole twelvemonth from the time of landing, knowing little of relaxation save the rest required on the Sabbath, when the harvest for 1621 was in, agreed together the time to play had come. It was decided that there should be held a period of general rejoicing and thanksgiving, and careful preparation was made for the event. Four huntsmen were dispatched for Gov. Bradford to bring in game for the colony, and these doughty followers of the chase returned with a day's spoils sufficient to provide the whole company for a week. The Indian neighbor, Massasoit, was invited to the festival, and came bringing with him 90 people to be entertained.

The ninety and one guests remained for a visit of three days, but they helped out the supplies by the contribution of five deer. The red men were treated to a show of military maneuvers by their hosts; for the purpose of diversion for them, or as a way of impressing the strength of the white men upon the native born, history saith not.

At the feasting of that week the wild turkey played an important part, and to-day we still conservatively cling to this bird as the proper occupant of the Thanksgiving platter. When we read of the venison, and that "besides waterfoule was great store of wild turkies" for Pilgrims and Indian guests, we must think of that Thanksgiving of 281 years ago as certainly a time of feasting rather than of fasting.

At the first New England Thanksgiving the English were outnumbered by redskins, there being only 55 of the former. There were but four women and a few young girls to take part in the celebration, or in the preparations for the celebration. It is to be hoped some of the men were skilled in getting eatables ready, otherwise that small handful of womenfolk must have been grievously overworked in providing refreshment for the merrymakers.

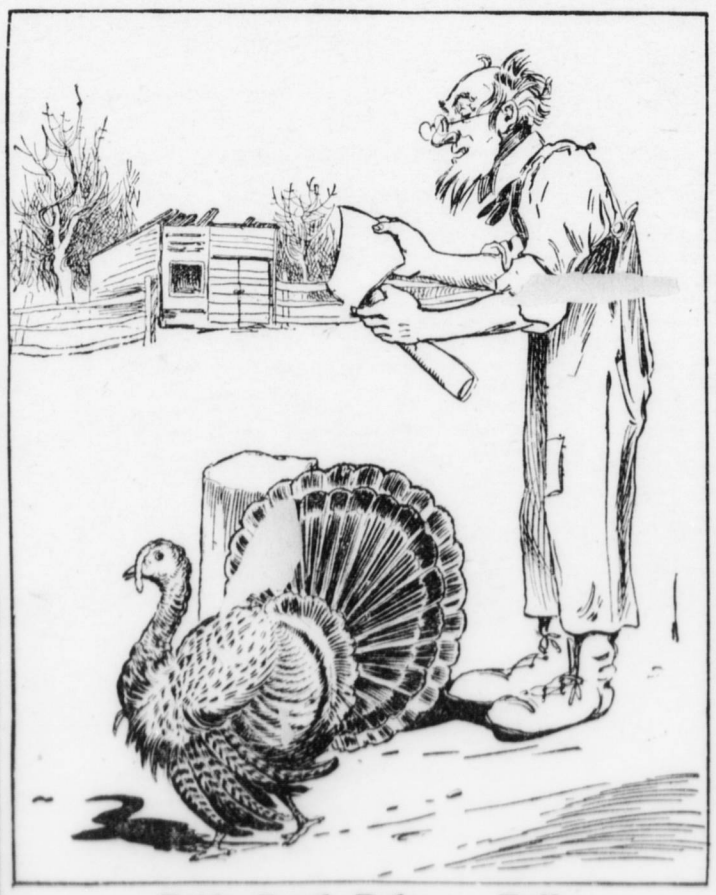
In 1623 a drought threatened the brave Pilgrim settlers, but the needed rain fell after a day spent by all in fasting and prayer; so the next Thanksgiving differed somewhat from the one of two years before in that it was observed in testimony of gratitude for answer to prayer.

In 1630, in February, on the day now celebrated as Washington's natal day, the first public Thanksgiving was held in Boston by the Bay colony. At this festival thanks were offered for "the safe arrival of food-bearing and food-bringing ships." After that, for a period of 50 years, Thanksgiving was observed with more or less regularity, about once every two years. There were periods, notably after a dreadful Indian massacre, when it would have been difficult to have gotten universal giving of thanks from the colonists.

At first it was quite difficult to get the various localities to feel thankful at the same time, a Rhode Islander not always being in the grateful mood at the time the Massachusetts folk were, and they did not always agree on the subjects supposed to call forth thanks; now plentiful harvests arousing gratitude in one community, now deliverance from Indians in another, deliverance from disease in still another. Different months were chosen for celebrating Thanksgiving, August, October, December and January; but finally it became generally observed as an autumn festival. Thursday, as well as November, gradually became indissolubly connected with Thanksgiving; records showing the holiday to have been observed now on Tuesdays, now on Wednesdays.

In 1680, there is good reason to believe, Thanksgiving was kept generally as an annual festival. During the revolution it became a national holiday, but after the Thanksgiving for Peace in 1784 it was omitted until 1789. In that year, Washington, according to advice from congress, appointed the last Thursday in November for national observance.

The west, largely peopled by easterners, has long been devoted to the keeping of Thanksgiving, but it was not until 1858 that the south adopted the Yankee holiday. To-day it is veritably a national institution, observed by Americans of all classes, of all localities. KATHERINE POPE.



Pride Goeth Before a Fall.

A TRULY GREAT IDEA.

Brilliant Suggestion for the Improvement of the Flagging Game of Football.

The supporters of football are assembled in convention, says the Baltimore American.

"Gentlemen," says the spokesman, "something must be done to add interest to the game. I regret to acknowledge that in recent years, despite our efforts to wound maim and kill, the sport has dwindled in public favor. No doubt this is because of the increase in the number of wars, and the familiarity of the public with injuries from that cause; also because of the growth of the automobile fad. Hence, as I say, we must do something to put more ginger in the game. The point is, what shall we do?"

Here a shaggy haired man arose in the rear of the hall and begged for a hearing.

"Gentlemen," he said, "I represent the Russo-American society of anarchy, and am also an enthusiastic football player. It occurs to me that if the ball were filled with dynamite instead of air it would—"

But the rest of his remarks were simply drowned in a furious explosion of mad applause.

It Made a Difference.

A man of literary aspirations who had his way yet to make in the world wrote a poem, which he submitted to his wife before sending it out for publication. "Why, Henry," she said on looking it over, "you have made 'hundred' rhyme with 'onward.'" "That's all right," he replied; "Tennyson did it." "Yes," rejoined his wife, "Tennyson could do such a thing, but you can't, Henry."—Chicago Chronicle.

Multiplication and Division.

Rodrick—This is a wonderful country for arithmetic.

Van Albert—Think so?

"Yes. They make two one at Niagara and one two in South Dakota."—Chicago Daily News.

Four Daily Trains to St. Paul-Minneapolis via Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Leave Chicago 9 a. m., 6:30 p. m. (the North-Western Limited, electric lighted throughout), 8 p. m., and 10 p. m. Fast schedules. Most complete and luxurious equipment in the West. Dining car service unequaled. For tickets, reservations and descriptive pamphlets, apply to your nearest ticket agent or address W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Avenue, Chicago, Ills.

"Yes," said the Cynical Codger, "it is mighty easy to trade your reputation for money; but you're up against it when you try to trade back."—Baltimore Herald.

The St. Paul Calendar For 1903,

six sheets 10x15 inches, of beautiful reproductions, in colors, of pastel drawings by Bryson, is now ready for distribution and will be mailed on receipt of twenty-five (25) cents—coin or stamps. Address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

If a man carries a mortgage it is usually because he can't lift it.—Chicago Daily News.

The best way to cure indigestion is to remove its cause. This is best done by the prompt use of Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops, which regulate the stomach in an effectual manner.

Men are valued by others in about the inverse ratio of their own valuation.—Ram's Horn.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

The race is not always for the swift, nor the money for the man who has a straight tip.—Judge.

Builds up the system; puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

Contentment with the divine will is the best remedy we can apply to misfortunes.—Sir W. Temple.

Stops the Cough

and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25 cents.

It doesn't make any difference how some people do things, they always get them wrong.—Indianapolis News.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Fleeing from responsibility is a good deal like hiding from reward.—Cooperation.

You can do your dyeing in half an hour with Putnam Fadeless Dyes.

It is up to the bookkeeper to keep posted.—Chicago Daily News.

ST. JACOBS OIL

POSITIVELY CURES

Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Backache
Headache
Feetache
All Bodily Aches
AND

CONQUERS PAIN.

FREE TO WOMEN

To prove the healing and cleansing power of **Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic** we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions **absolutely free.** This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in **local treatment of female ills,** curing all inflammation and discharges, wonderful as a cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash, and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send to-day; a postal card will do.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents, large box. Satisfaction guaranteed. THE R. PAXTON CO., 201 Columbus Av., Boston, Mass.

A nervous, irritable mother, often on the verge of hysterics, is unfit to care for children; it ruins a child's disposition and reacts upon herself. The trouble between children and their mothers too often is due to the fact that the mother has some female weakness, and she is entirely unfit to bear the strain upon her nerves that governing a child involves; it is impossible for her to do anything calmly. She cannot help it, as her condition is due to suffering and shattered nerves caused by some derangement of the uterine system with backache, headache, and all kinds of pain, and she is on the verge of nervous prostration.

When a mother finds that she cannot be calm and quiet with her children, she may be sure that her condition needs attention, and she cannot do better than to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** This medicine will build up her system, strengthen her nerves, and enable her to calmly handle a disobedient child without a scene. The children will soon realize the difference, and seeing their mother quiet, will themselves become quiet.

Mrs. May Brown, of Chicago, Ill., says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—'Honor to whom honor is due,' and you deserve both the thanks and honor of the mothers of America whom you have so blessedly helped and benefited. I have used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** when I would feel run-down, nervous and irritable, or have any of the aches and pains which but few women escape, and I have found that it relieved me at once and gave me new strength. Several ladies, members of our Literary Union, speak in the highest praise of your Vegetable Compound, as they have been cured from serious female troubles. One lady, who thought she must submit to an operation, was cured without using anything in the world but **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash.** You have hosts of friends in Chicago, and if you came to visit our city we would delight to do you honor. Gratefully yours,—MRS. MAY BROWN, 57 Grant Place, Chicago, Ill.

How Mrs. Pinkham Helped Mrs. McKinny.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write and let you know the good you and your Vegetable Compound are doing. I had been sick ever since my first baby was born, and at the birth of my second, my doctor, as well as myself thought I should never live through it. After that menstruation never came regular, and when it came I suffered terribly. I also had womb and ovarian trouble. A friend of my husband's advised him to get **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** for me. At first I had no faith in it, but now nothing could induce me to be without it. Menstruation has become regular, and I feel like a new woman. Your medicine is a God-send to suffering women. I hope this letter will lead others to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** Yours truly, MRS. MILDRED MCKINNY, 28 Pearl St., San Francisco, Cal." (March 16, 1901).

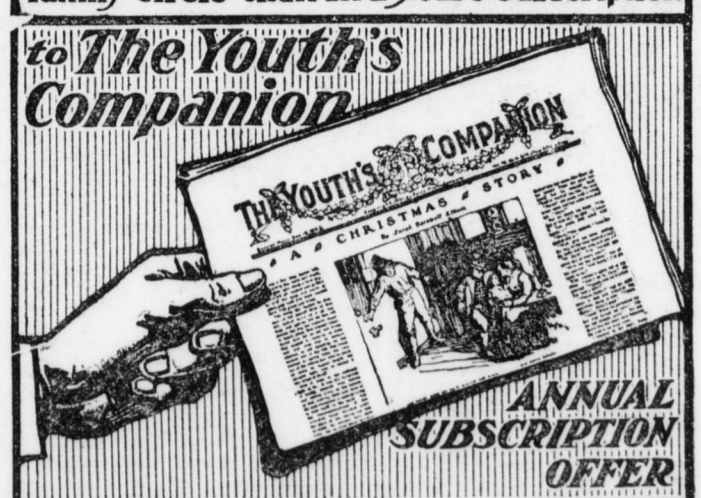
FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN.

If there is anything in your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. Address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and her advice is always helpful.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Pain Won't Trouble You
Only Keep a Bottle of
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT
IN THE HOUSE.
For SIXTY YEARS it has Proved the BEST LINIMENT for MAN or BEAST.

Can you better invest $1.75 for your entire family circle than in a year's subscription to The Youth's Companion



CUT OUT this slip and send it at once with $1.75 and you will receive

FREE—All the issues of The Youth's Companion for the remaining weeks of 1902.
FREE—The beautifully illustrated Double Numbers for Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year's.
FREE—The Companion Calendar for 1903, lithographed in twelve colors and gold.
And The Companion for the 52 weeks of 1903—a library of the best reading for every member of the family. TKE

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOSTON, MASS.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and **10 Days'** treatment **Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, ATLANTA, GA.**

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

BLAIR'S DIGESTIVE TABLETS

Cure indigestion, flatulence, heartburn, etc. By mail on receipt of **25 cents in stamps.** HENRY C. BLAIR, 8th and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia.

A. N. K.—C 1944

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
BUFFALO, N. Y.
396-408 Main Street,

CLEARING SALE OF

Black Dress Goods

TO REDUCE our enormous stock of new sterling quality Black Dress Goods will sacrifice 150 pieces at one-half and one-third of regular selling price. There are equally good bargains in colored dress fabrics.

$1 Black Canvas Suiting 50c

15 pieces 52-in. all-wool Black Sanglier Canvas Suiting, sells every day at $1.00. Only one dress pattern to a customer. Sale price..... 50c

$1 Black Whipcord at 55c

10 pieces 45-in. all-wool French Black Whipcord Suiting. An imported dress fabrick which sells at $1.00. Only one dress pattern to a customer. Sale price,..... 55c

$1.25 Black Goods at 75c

46-in. French Imported Black, all-wool Drape de Paris; regular selling price $1.25. This sale 75c
50-in. all-wool Black Sanglier Granite Suiting; regular $1.25 . This sale, ... 75c
45-in. Black Sharkskin Suitings; regular $1.25. This sale,..... 75c
46-in. Black Mistral Etamine. Cannot be bought less than $1.25. This sale, ... 75c

$1.50 52-in. Prunella Suiting $1.00.
$1.50 54-in. Tailor Cheviot $1.00.
$1.50 54-in. Crash Cheviot $1.00.
$2.50 Kersey Broadcloth $1.50.
$1.75 London Twine Suiting $1.25.

Get acquainted with Our Mail Order Department.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
The American Block,
BUFFALO, N. Y

WATCH THIS SPACE FOR
ANNOUNCEMEN OF OUR

Fall, Winter and Holiday Goods.

Two car loads of Wall Paper now arriving.

L. TAGGART.

You can look the county over, and you will not find a more complete, up-to-date line of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OUR
Fall and Winter Stock

is now in, and ready for your inspection.

DRY GOODS,
HEAVY ALL-WOOL SKIRTINGS,
READY-MADE SKIRTS,
LADIES WAISTS, ETC.

Our Notion department is full of new things, and lots of bargains. We have added
MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' OVER COATS AND READY MADE SUITS.

J. E. SMITH,
Sterling Run, Pa.

The Problem of a Tired Mother.

The funny papers have told, time and again, how it makes a man feel to be shut up alone with the children even for a few hours.

It's no wonder that nerve troubles attack the mother for she has the children all the time. How can she help being nervous, especially while the little ones are making such constant drafts on her energy?

No woman can endure the strain of her housework and two or three little ones unless her digestive powers are of an unusual order. She can't manufacture force enough to stand the strain.

We can suggest one thing that will surely help her and it isn't a drug poison either. It is Vinol, made by a remarkable new process from that wonderful remedy, cod liver oil, a true tonic.

Money back if you don't find this true.

L. TAGGART,
DRUGGIST.
Mail Orders Supplied $1 per Bottle Express Paid.

LICENSE APPLICATIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following named persons have filed their petitions for Licenses, in my office, according to law, for the term of December Court, 1902:

HOTEL LICENSE.

Grove Township.

Geo. P. Shafer, ...Sinnemahoning House
O. L. Bailey, ...Enterprise House
Henry W. Martindale,.....Brooks Run Hotel

Driftwood.

A. M. McDonald,.....Curtin House
Sophia McVicker,.....Lafayette Hotel
Thos. J. Riley,.....Commercial Hotel
W. H. Mitchell,.....Mitchell House

Lumber Township.

Patrick Mahoney,.....Sterling House
Mary A. Furlong,.....Alpine House
Edward McFadden.....New Cameron House

Lumber Township, Restaurant or Eating House License.

James B. Hayes,....Cor. Main and Louise streets, Cameron, Pa.

Portage Township.

J. H. Evens,.....Sizer Springs Hotel

Emporium, East Ward, Hotel Licenses.

Peter Shoup,..... Cook House
John Costello.....Eagle Hotel
Richard J. Loyd,..... Exchange Hotel
Samuel D. McDonald,.....Central House
Thos. J. Lysett,.....St. Charles Hotel
John L. Johnson .....American Hotel

Middle Ward.

John Cummings,.....Cottage Hotel
H. R. Manett,.....Warner House
Dennis Donovan,.....Emporium House
Michael J. Dolan.....City Hotel
Michael Murphy,.....Commercial Hotel

EMPORIUM, MIDDLE WARD, RESTAURANT LICENSES.

William McDonald,.....Novelty Restaurant
M. C. Tulis,.....Star Restaurant

WHOLESALE LICENSES.

Henry Kraft,.....Emporium
A. A. McDonald,.....Emporium
F. X. Blumle,.....Shippen Township

BOTTLERS LICENSE.

Henry Kraft,.....Emporium
F. X. Blumle,.....Shippen

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Clerk Q. S.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS:—The Hon. CHAS. A. MAYER President Judge and the Hons. JOHN MCDONALD and GEO. A. WALKER, Associate Judges of Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of Cameron have issued their precept bearing date the 1st day of Nov. A. D., 1902, and to me directed for holding Court of Oyer and Terminer, General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas in the Borough of Emporium, Pa., on Monday, the 15th day of December, 1902, at 10 o'clock, a.m., and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other rememberances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Emporium, Pa., Nov. 24th, 1902, and in the 127th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

J. D. SWOPE, Sheriff.

Notice of Administratrix.

Estate of ALONZO CHEESBRO, deceased.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Alonzo Cheesbro, late of Shippen township, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Dora Cheesbro, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

DORA CHEESBRO, Administratrix.
GREEN & SHAFFER, Solicitors.
Emporium, Pa., Oct. 20, 1902. 37-6t

Dr. Humphreys.

After fifty years Dr. Humphreys' Specifics enjoy the greatest popularity and largest sale in their history, due to intrinsic merit. They cure the sick.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed..	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.
Dr. Humphreys' New Pocket Manual of all Diseases mailed free.
Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

Cameron.

B. E. Osborne visited Sterling Run Tuesday.

Dr. Smith, of Emporium was in town Tuesday.

Some of our boys spent Sunday at Emporium.

Will Briggs has woke up after a Rip Van Winkle sleep.

John D. Logan, of Emporium, was in town Friday last.

Wm. Kissell moved his family to Renovo the first of the week.

Nick Keneally visited his parents at Coudersport over Sunday.

John McFadden had business at Glen Hazel the past week.

It won't be very long until the new mill will be making saw dust.

Geo. Myers, of Coudersport, is the guest of F. R. Lininger and family this week.

Dan Sullivan and wife and two children, are visiting relatives near Pittsburg, this week.

Pete Snyder, of Emporium, is employed in the blacksmith shop for John McFadden.

Frank Johnson, of Unimus, Pa., was visiting friends in town over Sunday. Come again Frank.

Mat Phoenix and wife left Tuesday for Kalamazoo, Mich., where they expect to remain for two months.

Thos. Fergerson, of Decator Mines, Clearfield Co., is employed by the Cameron Iron and Coal Co., at this place.

John Gaines is on a hunting tour among old friends at Pottersdale, so we will hear some good hunting stories when John gets back.

Our people are very much excited over the bright prospects of the coal mines in this vicinity, which will be in operation in a short time.

Our people are waiting to welcome the molodious sound of the chime whistle which will be set on the new mill, which will be operated by Doutt, Hyde & Co.

The young men of our town has showed their talent which they enherit by organizing a brass band in our town last wednesday evening showing the people that our town has reserected from the dead.

On Monday some of our town people were much alarmed by the tooting of the whistle on the engine of the Cameron Lumber Co., on the H. R. R. R. of which one of our prize cows of our town had a very narrow escape.

The Liars Club met in Dan Sullivan's chicken coop, Saturday evening, with Ed. Goodman in the chair, B. E. Osborne Sec'y. A good many pheasants and skunks were killed. Tom Shreve declares that he can skin more skunks than any other two men in town. He was fined two cents because he couldn't prove it, and came within one vote of being suspended from the club. Fred Comley was reinstated to membership and promised the Club faithfully that he wouldn't tell the truth again while a member. Some of the members are talking about dropping out of the club on account of the fees raising from two cents to five cents of which it is necessary on account of business increasing in town. Bert Georgia took his fifth degree; he was appointed guardsman at the door. Jesse Lord's name was read for membership and declared rejected, with a vote of 120 yeas and 121 nays. Geo. Strawbridge a member of Sterling Run club made our club a visit. N. F. Johnson's card was read for membership of which he was declared elected. The club adjourned to next meeting night. BRIGGS.

First Fork.

A few flakes of snow were noticeable on the hills, this morning, enough to make everybody glad the coal strike had ended at last.

Mr. A Hussy is about to remove to Cross Fork, where he has a position with the Lackuwanna Co., and D. D. Colcord will take posscssson again of the place vacated by Mr. Hussy.

On Saturday afternoon the Old Berfield Homestead via Wharton, (where all the Berfields were born and reared) was totally destroyed by fire with all its contents, and there being no insurance on building or contents, to Jacob Berfield and family. They were away at the time, and came back only to find themselves homeless. The neighbors saved a quantity of canned fruit, potatoes etc from the cave near by, before that caught fire but it got too hot for them before they had that cleaned out.

Almost Thanksgiving, and no snow yet except a few scattering flakes, but that works out the salvation of the deer, or a certain portion of them. Some of the hunters have returned from camping emptyhanded, which others have beaten even President Roosevelt, himself, by capturing bear and other game. W. W. Wykoff and a gang of hunters from Pittsburg got a big buck the last of the week, Another gang of four from Coudersporta assisted by some "native talent" killed a bear, a deer a coon and a squirrel, in one day, and returned home next day "flushed with the excitement of the chase." Such luck in a hunting happins perhaps once in a hunter's lifetime.

Mrs. Ruth Barclay, of Wharton, Pa., died on Thursday morning of cancer of the face, aged 77 years. Funeral services were conducted at Wharton church on Saturday a at two o'clock p. m., by Rev. Grover of Costello and the choir from that place. She leaves two sons to mourn her loss, viz: Arthur B. of Sinnemahoning, and Ira of Wharton, also two brothers Nathan of Nebraska and A. J. Baily of Cross Fork now in New Mexico for the winter with Mrs. Baily and their son Louis. A large number of relatives and friends from Sinnemanoning attended the funeral, of whom we have mentioned, Geo. B. and C. F. Barclay, O. L. Baily and wife of the Mountain House. After services were over the B. & S. R. R., run a "special" to Sinnemahoning taking the people down from Baily Run. Walter Baily, and Martin Gorman and wife of Cross Fork were present, also Mrs A. Baily and Mrs. E. Wolf, Henry, John, and Herman Berfield, D. Horn, J. Drum, J. Logue and others from Sinnemahoning. Although the weather was stormy the church was full and overflowing. Chas. Haight of Austin was funeral director and undertaker.

Free Holiday Games

In each pound package of Lion Coffee from now until Christmas will be found a free game, amusing and instructive—50 different kinds.
Get Lion Coffee and a Free Game at Your Grocers.

Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treated with Eureka Harness Oil. It resists the damp, keeps the leather soft and pliable. Stitches do not break. No rough surface to chafe and cut. The harness not only keeps looking like new, but wears twice as long by the use of Eureka Harness Oil.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by Standard Oil Company

Foley's Honey and Tar cures colds, prevents pneumonia.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

Our New Goods.

Have arrived and we are ready for the Summer campaign.
During the past few months we have almost entirely closed out all left-over stock, therefore start in with an

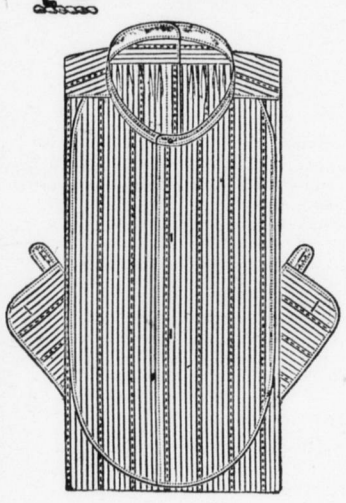
Entirely New Stock.

READY-MADE CLOTHING, (Stylish make.)
ELEGANT LINE of FURNISHINGS, TRUNKS, SATCHELS, &c.

We are agents for the LION Brand Shirts and have recently received a very fine assortment of these celebrated

$1.00 SHIRTS

"LION BRAND" TRADE MARK



They Are Beautie s

We continue to keep the.

MAC HURDLE DRESS SHIRTS.

We want every citizen of this county to call and inspect our present stock, feeling assured that you will be pleased

R. SEGER & SON,
Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa

The Blues

is one signal which foretells physical decay. Another is pale lifeless skin.

The muscles shrink and become flabby; the body becomes emaciated, and there is an early tendency to round shoulders. The step lacks elasticity, the nerves become weak; mental and physical activity are a burden.

This condition is called *Nervous Debility;* it is cured by the use of

Sexine Pills

They feed the hungry nerves, revive the weakened organs and make life brighter and sweeter to any man or woman who has suffered from physical drains.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes (with legal guarantee to cure or refund the money), $5.00. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

HARPER WHISKY

Famous at home for Generations past; Famous now all over the World.
For sale by
M. J. DOLAN.

MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.
WORMS!
WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE
FOR 20 YEARS
Has led all WORM Remedies.
EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
Prepared by
RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart 2ly.

PILES RUDY'S PILE Suppository
A cure guaranteed if you use

D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C. Dodson. Call for free sample.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and BACKACHE CURE
Rheumatism, Backache, Dropsy, Gravel.
All Bladder and Urinary Diseases. By Druggists, 50c. $1.

R. C Dodson, Agent,
36 28ly. Emporium, Pa

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

$10,000 Bankrupt Sale of Furniture

We secured under most favorable conditions, the entire stock of

The Mankey Mfg. Company,

AT BANKRUPT SALE.

This purchase, a very fortunate and opportune one—brought to us about $10,000 worth of bed room suites, dressers, washstands and sideboards, bright and new, direct from the factory, which we will dispose of at virtually next-to-nothing prices. Now we are ready for this great sale, the most important furniture event ever offered you. A sale that will make new history in our business. High class, up-to-date, thoroughly reliable furniture at much less than cost of manufacture. We want you to come to this sale, to see and compare the furniture with that you can buy elsewhere at even double our prices. We will leave it to you then, as judge to say where the greatest values can be had. It is only through a purchase of this kind, that these stupendous bargains are made possible—a chance that comes your way but seldom. This will be a quick decided event, the stock must be cleared out at once, as we have no room for storage purposes. If you have any particular fancy about style, wood or pattern, you had better come early or the very thing you want may be gone. Judges of furniture making and exceptional values are especially requested to inspect these goods, and examine every detail of quality, workmanship and durability. Owing to limitation of space, we cannot give details of this irresistable sale.

We cordially invite correspondence from prospective buyers who cannot visit us in person.

G. J. LaBAR'S
OLD RELIABLE FURNITURE STORE,
EMPORIUM, PA.